



**2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting  
Meeting Agenda  
(Translation)**

**Date of the Meeting:** June 8, 2016 at 10:00 a.m.  
**Place of the Meeting:** Auditorium, 2F, No.18, Xinglong Rd.,  
Taoyuan City

## **Meeting Agenda for the 2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of Delta Electronics, Inc.**

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Note: The Company's 2015 Parent Company Only Financial Statements, 2015 Consolidated Financial Statements and 2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Agenda are available on the "Market Observation Post System" website; please visit <http://mops.twse.com.tw/> for details.

## **Procedures of Delta Electronics, Inc. 2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting**

1. Call Meeting to order
2. Chairman takes podium
3. All stand
4. Singing of national anthem
5. Three respectful bows to the national flag and image of Dr. Sun Yat-Sen
6. Chairman's address
7. Discussion items  
Voting and Resolution for Discussion Items
8. Report items
9. Proposal items
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Voting and Resolution for each of Proposal and Discussion Items
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Voting for Election Items
12. Other items  
Releasing Directors from Non-competition Restrictions Voting and Resolution
13. Extemporary motions
14. Meeting adjourned

## I. DISCUSSION ITEMS

1. Discussion of the Amendments to Articles of Incorporation (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: (1) In order to accommodate the Company's business practice, it is proposed to amend certain provisions of the Articles of Incorporation. Please see the comparison table of the Company's Articles of Incorporation for the detailed revisions.

- (2) The proposed amendments are submitted for discussion.

**Comparison Table of Revised Articles of the Articles of Incorporation**

Article after revision	Article before revision	Explanation
<b>Article 2</b> The Company is engaged in the following businesses: 1. A101020 Food Crops; 2. A101030 Special Crops; 3. A102020 Agricultural Products Preparations; 4. A102080 Horticulture; 5. A199990 Other Agriculture; 6. C801010 Basic chemical industry business; 7. C801990 Other chemical material manufacturing business; 8. C802120 Industrial Catalyst Manufacturing; 9. CA02990 Other Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing Not Elsewhere Classified; 10. CA04010 Metal Surface Treating; 11. CB01010 Machinery equipment manufacturing	<b>Article 2</b> The Company is engaged in the following businesses: 1. A101020 Food Crops; 2. A101030 Special Crops; 3. A102020 Agricultural Products Preparations; 4. A102080 Horticulture; 5. A199990 Other Agriculture; 6. C801010 Basic chemical industry business; 7. C801990 Other chemical material manufacturing business; 8. C802120 Industrial Catalyst Manufacturing; 9. CA02990 Other Fabricated Metal Products Manufacturing Not Elsewhere Classified; 10. CA04010 Metal Surface Treating; 11. CB01010 Machinery equipment manufacturing	In accordance with the Company's business needs, Item 38 and Item 83 in the scope of business are deleted; the remaining businesses are sorted in accordance with business category codes stipulated by Department of Commerce, Ministry of Economic Affairs.

<p>business;</p> <p>12. CB01071 Frozen and Air-conditioning manufacturing business;</p> <p>13. CB01990 Other machinery manufacturing business;</p> <p>14. CC01010 Electronic power generating, Electric transmission and power distributing machinery manufacturing business;</p> <p>15. CC01030 Electric appliance and audiovisual electric products manufacturing business;</p> <p>16. CC01040 Lighting equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>17. CC01060 Wire communication equipment and apparatus manufacturing business;</p> <p>18. CC01070 Wireless communication devices and equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>19. CC01080 Electronic parts and components</p>	<p>business;</p> <p>12. CB01071 Frozen and Air-conditioning manufacturing business;</p> <p>13. CB01990 Other machinery manufacturing business;</p> <p>14. CC01010 Electronic power generating, Electric transmission and power distributing machinery manufacturing business;</p> <p>15. CC01030 Electric appliance and audiovisual electric products manufacturing business;</p> <p>16. CC01040 Lighting equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>17. CC01060 Wire communication equipment and apparatus manufacturing business;</p> <p>18. CC01070 Wireless communication devices and equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>19. CC01080 Electronic parts and components</p>	
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<p>manufacturing business;</p> <p>20. CC01090 Batteries manufacturing business;</p> <p>21. CC01101 Restrained telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials manufacturing;</p> <p>22. CC01110 Computers and its peripheral equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>23. CC01120 Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating;</p> <p>24. CC01990 Other electrical and electronic machinery and materials manufacturing business;</p> <p>25. CD01010 Ship and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>26. CD01020 Tramway Cars manufacturing business;</p> <p>27. CD01030 Automobiles and auto-parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>28. CD01040 Motorcycles and motorcycle parts manufacturing</p>	<p>manufacturing business;</p> <p>20. CC01090 Batteries manufacturing business;</p> <p>21. CC01101 Restrained telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials manufacturing;</p> <p>22. CC01110 Computers and its peripheral equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>23. CC01120 Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating;</p> <p>24. CC01990 Other electrical and electronic machinery and materials manufacturing business;</p> <p>25. CD01010 Ship and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>26. CD01020 Tramway Cars manufacturing business;</p> <p>27. CD01030 Automobiles and auto-parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>28. CD01040 Motorcycles and motorcycle parts manufacturing</p>	
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<p>business;</p> <p>29. CD01050 Bicycles and bicycle parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>30. CD01060 Aircraft and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>31. CD01990 Other transportation equipment and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>32. CE01010 General equipment and instruments manufacturing business;</p> <p>33. CE01021 measuring instruments manufacturing business;</p> <p>34. CE01030 Photographic and Optical Equipment Manufacturing business;</p> <p>35. CE01040 Clocks and Watches manufacturing business;</p> <p>36. CE01990 Other photographic and optical equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>37. CF01011 Medical appliances and equipment business;</p> <p><u>38.</u> E599010 Pipe lines construction business;</p> <p><u>39.</u> E601010 Electric appliance</p>	<p>business;</p> <p>29. CD01050 Bicycles and bicycle parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>30. CD01060 Aircraft and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>31. CD01990 Other transportation equipment and parts manufacturing business;</p> <p>32. CE01010 General equipment and instruments manufacturing business;</p> <p>33. CE01021 measuring instruments manufacturing business;</p> <p>34. CE01030 Photographic and Optical Equipment Manufacturing business;</p> <p>35. CE01040 Clocks and Watches manufacturing business;</p> <p>36. CE01990 Other photographic and optical equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p>37. CF01011 Medical appliances and equipment business;</p> <p><u>38.</u> <u>E501011 Water pipe construction;</u></p> <p><u>39.</u> E599010 Pipe lines construction business;</p>	
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<p>installation business;</p> <p><u>40.</u> E601020 Electric appliance construction business;</p> <p><u>41.</u> E602011 Frozen and Air-conditioning Engineering;</p> <p><u>42.</u> E603010 Cables construction;</p> <p><u>43.</u> E603040 Fire fighting equipments installation business;</p> <p><u>44.</u> E603050 Automation control equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p><u>45.</u> E603090 Illumination equipments installation business;</p> <p><u>46.</u> E604010 Machinery installation business;</p> <p><u>47.</u> E605010 Computer equipment installation business;</p> <p><u>48.</u> E7010030 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials installation business;</p> <p><u>49.</u> EZ05010 Apparatus installation and construction business;</p> <p><u>50.</u> EZ14010 Sports Ground Equipments Construction;</p> <p><u>51.</u> F101081 Wholesale of Seedling;</p> <p><u>52.</u> F101130 Wholesale of vegetable</p>	<p><u>40.</u> E601010 Electric appliance installation business;</p> <p><u>41.</u> E601020 Electric appliance construction business;</p> <p><u>42.</u> E602011 Frozen and Air-conditioning Engineering;</p> <p><u>43.</u> E603010 Cables construction;</p> <p><u>44.</u> E603040 Fire fighting equipments installation business;</p> <p><u>45.</u> E603050 Automation control equipment manufacturing business;</p> <p><u>46.</u> E603090 Illumination equipments installation business;</p> <p><u>47.</u> E604010 Machinery installation business;</p> <p><u>48.</u> E605010 Computer equipment installation business;</p> <p><u>49.</u> E7010030 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials installation business;</p> <p><u>50.</u> EZ05010 Apparatus installation and construction business;</p> <p><u>51.</u> EZ14010 Sports Ground Equipments Construction;</p> <p><u>52.</u> F101081 Wholesale of Seedling;</p>	
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<p>and fruits;</p> <p><u>53.</u> F106040 Water containers wholesale business;</p> <p><u>54.</u> F108031 Drugs and medical goods wholesale business;</p> <p><u>55.</u> F109070 Wholesale of Stationery Articles, Musical Instruments and Educational Entertainment Articles;</p> <p><u>56.</u> F113010 Machinery wholesale business;</p> <p><u>57.</u> F113020 Electrical appliances wholesale business;</p> <p><u>58.</u> F113030 Wholesale of Precision Instruments;</p> <p><u>59.</u> F113050 Computer and office appliances and equipment wholesale business;</p> <p><u>60.</u> F113070 Telecommunication equipment wholesale business;</p> <p><u>61.</u> F113110 Wholesale of Batteries;</p> <p><u>62.</u> F118010 Computer software wholesale business;</p> <p><u>63.</u> F119010 Electronic components and materials wholesale business;</p> <p><u>64.</u> F199990 Other wholesale business;</p> <p><u>65.</u> F201010 Retail Sale of Agricultural Products;</p> <p><u>66.</u> F201990 Retail Sale of Other</p>	<p><u>53.</u> F101130 Wholesale of vegetable and fruits;</p> <p><u>54.</u> F106040 Water containers wholesale business;</p> <p><u>55.</u> F108031 Drugs and medical goods wholesale business;</p> <p><u>56.</u> F109070 Wholesale of Stationery Articles, Musical Instruments and Educational Entertainment Articles;</p> <p><u>57.</u> F113010 Machinery wholesale business;</p> <p><u>58.</u> F113020 Electrical appliances wholesale business;</p> <p><u>59.</u> F113030 Wholesale of Precision Instruments;</p> <p><u>60.</u> F113050 Computer and office appliances and equipment wholesale business;</p> <p><u>61.</u> F113070 Telecommunication equipment wholesale business;</p> <p><u>62.</u> F113110 Wholesale of Batteries;</p> <p><u>63.</u> F118010 Computer software wholesale business;</p> <p><u>64.</u> F119010 Electronic components and materials wholesale business;</p> <p><u>65.</u> F199990 Other wholesale business;</p> <p><u>66.</u> F201010 Retail Sale of</p>	
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<p>Agricultural, Husbandry and Aquatic Products; <u>67.</u> F208031 Medical equipment retail business; <u>68.</u> F209060 Education, musical instruments and entertainment articles retail business; <u>69.</u> F213010 Electrical appliances retail business; <u>70.</u> F213030 Computer and office appliances and equipment retail business; <u>71.</u> F213060 Telecommunication equipment retail business; <u>72.</u> F213110 Retail sale of batteries; <u>73.</u> F217010 Retail sale of fire fighting equipments; <u>74.</u> F218010 Computer software retail business; <u>75.</u> F219010 Electronic components and materials retail business; <u>76.</u> F399040 Non-store retail business; <u>77.</u> F401010 International trade business; <u>78.</u> F401021 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials import</p>	<p>Agricultural Products; <u>67.</u> F201990 Retail Sale of Other Agricultural, Husbandry and Aquatic Products; <u>68.</u> F208031 Medical equipment retail business; <u>69.</u> F209060 Education, musical instruments and entertainment articles retail business; <u>70.</u> F213010 Electrical appliances retail business; <u>71.</u> F213030 Computer and office appliances and equipment retail business; <u>72.</u> F213060 Telecommunication equipment retail business; <u>73.</u> F213110 Retail sale of batteries; <u>74.</u> F217010 Retail sale of fire fighting equipments; <u>75.</u> F218010 Computer software retail business; <u>76.</u> F219010 Electronic components and materials retail business; <u>77.</u> F399040 Non-store retail business; <u>78.</u> F401010 International trade business; <u>79.</u> F401021 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency</p>	
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business;	equipment and	
<u>79.</u> F401181 Measuring instrument	materials import	
importing business;	business;	
<u>80.</u> F601010 Intellectual property	<u>80.</u> F401181 Measuring instrument	
business;	importing business;	
<u>81.</u> G801010 Warehousing and	<u>81.</u> F601010 Intellectual property	
storage business;	business;	
<u>82.</u> I101070 Agriculture, Forestry,	<u>82.</u> G801010 Warehousing and	
Fishing and Animal	storage business;	
Husbandry	<u>83.</u> <u>I101061 Engineering</u>	
Consultancy;	<u>Consultancy;</u>	
<u>83.</u> I103060 Management consulting	<u>84.</u> I101070 Agriculture, Forestry,	
services business;	Fishing and Animal	
<u>84.</u> I199990 Other Consultancy	Husbandry	
<u>85.</u> I301010 Software design and	Consultancy;	
service business;	<u>85.</u> I103060 Management consulting	
<u>86.</u> I301020 Data processing	services business;	
services business;	<u>86.</u> I199990 Other Consultancy	
<u>87.</u> I301030 Digital information	<u>87.</u> I301010 Software design and	
supply services	service business;	
business;	<u>88.</u> I301020 Data processing	
<u>88.</u> I401010 General advertising	services business;	
service business;	<u>89.</u> I301030 Digital information	
<u>89.</u> I501010 Product external	supply services	
appearance designing	business;	
business;	<u>90.</u> I401010 General advertising	
<u>90.</u> I599990 Other design business;	service business;	
<u>91.</u> IG02010 Research development	<u>91.</u> I501010 Product external	
service business;	appearance designing	
<u>92.</u> IG03010 Energy technical	business;	
services business;	<u>92.</u> I599990 Other design business;	
<u>93.</u> IZ03010 Newspaper clipping	<u>93.</u> IG02010 Research development	
business;	service business;	
<u>94.</u> IZ04010 Translation business;	<u>94.</u> IG03010 Energy technical	
<u>95.</u> IZ10010 Typesetting business;	services business;	

<p><u>96.</u> IZ13010 Network authentication service business;</p> <p><u>97.</u> IZ99990 Other industry and commerce services not elsewhere classified;</p> <p><u>98.</u> J303010 Magazines (journals) publishing business;</p> <p><u>99.</u> J304010 Books publishing business;</p> <p><u>100.</u>J305010 Audio publishing business;</p> <p><u>101.</u>J399010 Software publishing business;</p> <p><u>102.</u>J399990 Other publishing business;</p> <p><u>103.</u>J701070 Computer Recreational Activities;</p> <p><u>104.</u>JE01010 Rental and leasing business;</p> <p><u>105.</u>ZZ99999 All businesses that are not prohibited or restricted by laws and regulations other than those requiring special permits.</p>	<p><u>95.</u> IZ03010 Newspaper clipping business;</p> <p><u>96.</u> IZ04010 Translation business;</p> <p><u>97.</u> IZ10010 Typesetting business;</p> <p><u>98.</u> IZ13010 Network authentication service business;</p> <p><u>99.</u> IZ99990 Other industry and commerce services not elsewhere classified;</p> <p><u>100.</u>J303010 Magazines (journals) publishing business;</p> <p><u>101.</u>J304010 Books publishing business;</p> <p><u>102.</u>J305010 Audio publishing business;</p> <p><u>103.</u>J399010 Software publishing business;</p> <p><u>104.</u>J399990 Other publishing business;</p> <p><u>105.</u>J701070 Computer Recreational Activities;</p> <p><u>106.</u>JE01010 Rental and leasing business;</p> <p><u>107.</u>ZZ99999 All businesses that are not prohibited or restricted by laws and regulations other than those requiring special permits.</p>	
<p><b>Article 3</b> The Company shall have its head office in Taoyuan <u>City</u>, and may set up branch offices at various locations that the Board of Directors may deem necessary by resolution.</p>	<p><b>Article 3</b> The Company shall have its head office in Taoyuan <u>County, Taiwan</u>, and may set up branch offices at various locations that the Board of Directors may deem necessary by</p>	<p>Changed into a municipality.</p>

	resolution.	
<p><b>Article 5</b></p> <p>The total capital stock of the Company shall be in the amount of <u>NT\$40,000,000,000</u>, divided into <u>4,000,000,000</u> shares, at a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$10) each, and may be issued in installments subject to the resolution of the Board of Directors. Within the aforementioned capital, NT\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 shares shall be reserved for issuing warrants, preferred shares with warrants or corporate bonds with warrants.</p> <p>In the event that the Company intends to issue employee warrants whose exercise price is lower than the closing price of the Company stocks as of the issue date, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted if voted in favor by two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.</p> <p>In the event that the Company intends to transfer to employees the bought-back shares at the price lower than the actual average buying-back price, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted prior to such transfer if voted in favor by</p>	<p><b>Article 5</b></p> <p>The total capital stock of the Company shall be in the amount of <u>NT\$29,000,000,000</u>, divided into <u>2,900,000,000</u> shares, at a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$10) each, and may be issued in installments subject to the resolution of the Board of Directors. Within the aforementioned capital, NT\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 shares shall be reserved for issuing warrants, preferred shares with warrants or corporate bonds with warrants.</p> <p>In the event that the Company intends to issue employee warrants whose exercise price is lower than the closing price of the Company stocks as of the issue date, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted if voted in favor by two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.</p> <p>In the event that the Company intends to transfer to employees the bought-back shares at the price lower than the actual average buying-back price, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted prior to such transfer if voted in favor by</p>	<p>In response to the Company's actual needs.</p>

two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.	two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.	
<p><b>Article 18</b></p> <p>The Company shall have at least five but no more than thirteen directors to be elected at the shareholders' meeting by the shareholders from any person with legal capacity in accordance with the Company Act. The term of office for directors shall be three years. All of the directors are eligible for re-election.</p> <p>To conform to the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company shall have, among the aforementioned directors, at least three independent directors, and the number of independent directors shall be no less than one-fifth of the total number of the directors. The directors (including independent directors) shall be elected from among the nominees listed in the roster of director candidates pursuant to the candidates nomination system in Article 192-1 of the Company Act. Compliance matters with respect to independent directors shall be subject to the regulations prescribed by the Company Act and the securities authority.</p> <p>The aggregate number of the</p>	<p><b>Article 18</b></p> <p>The Company shall have at least five but no more than thirteen directors to be elected at the shareholders' meeting by the shareholders from any person with legal capacity in accordance with the Company Act. The term of office for directors shall be three years. All of the directors are eligible for re-election.</p> <p>To conform to the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company shall have, among the aforementioned directors, at least three independent directors, and the number of independent directors shall be no less than one-fifth of the total number of the directors. The directors (including independent directors) shall be elected from among the nominees listed in the roster of director candidates pursuant to the candidates nomination system in Article 192-1 of the Company Act. Compliance matters with respect to independent directors shall be subject to the regulations prescribed by the Company Act and the securities authority.</p> <p>The aggregate number of the</p>	In response to the Company's actual needs.

<p>registered shares held by all directors shall be subject to the regulations, if any stipulated by the competent securities authority.</p> <p>Remuneration for directors of the Company shall be evaluated by the compensation committee according to their respective participation in operation and value of contribution, and the board of directors is authorized to determine their remuneration according to the evaluation made by the compensation committee and general standard in the same industries. <u>Remuneration for independent directors may be different from non-independent directors.</u></p> <p>The Company may purchase liability insurance for its directors.</p>	<p>registered shares held by all directors shall be subject to the regulations, if any stipulated by the competent securities authority.</p> <p>Remuneration for directors of the Company shall be evaluated by the compensation committee according to their respective participation in operation and value of contribution, and the board of directors is authorized to determine their remuneration according to the evaluation made by the compensation committee and general standard in the same industries.</p> <p>The Company may purchase liability insurance for its directors.</p>	
<p><b>Article 30</b></p> <p><u>If the Company makes profits for the current year, the Board of Directors shall resolve on the allocation of at least 3% as the employee compensation and no more than 1% as the compensation for directors.</u></p> <p><u>If the Company has cumulative losses, the amount equivalent to such losses shall be reserved prior to the allocation and reported in the shareholders' meeting. Qualification requirements of employees, including the employees of subsidiaries of the company meeting certain specific</u></p>	<p><b>Article 30</b></p> <p><u>The Company shall allocate the earnings for each fiscal year in the following order:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <u>Paying tax;</u></li> <li>2. <u>Making up losses for preceding years;</u></li> <li>3. <u>Setting aside a legal reserve at 10% of the earnings unless the accumulated amount of the legal reserve has reached the total authorized capital of the Company;</u></li> <li>4. <u>Setting aside or reversing a special reserve according to</u></li> </ol>	<p>Amended in accordance with Article 235-1 of Company Act.</p>



<p><u>requirements, entitled to receive the abovementioned compensation, may be specified by the authorized Board of Directors or the person authorized by the Board of Directors.</u></p> <p><u>The Company shall allocate the earnings for each fiscal year in the following order:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <u>Paying tax;</u></li> <li>2. <u>Making up losses for preceding years;</u></li> <li>3. <u>Setting aside a legal reserve at 10% of the earnings unless the accumulated amount of the legal reserve has reached the total authorized capital of the Company;</u></li> <li>4. <u>Setting aside or reversing a special reserve according to relevant regulations when necessary;</u></li> <li>5. <u>The balance together with the retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year concerned shall be the shareholders' dividends. The proposed of earnings distribution shall be set by the Board of Directors and submitted to shareholders' meetings for resolving. As the Company is at a stage of stable growth, and considering the benefits of shareholders, stability of financial condition and business development, the amount of dividends distributed to</u></li> </ol>	<p><u>relevant regulations when necessary;</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. <u>The balance after the abovementioned payments are made (i.e., the earnings in the fiscal year concerned available for distribution) shall be allocated in the following order:</u> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1)<u>no more than 1% as the remuneration for directors;</u></li> <li>(2)<u>at least 3% as the employee bonuses; when bonuses are distributed in the form of stock, persons eligible for such distribution shall include employees of the Company's subsidiaries who meet certain qualifications. The Board of Directors, or persons authorized by the Board of Directors, shall stipulate relevant regulations for distribution of employee bonuses; and</u></li> <li>(3)<u>the shareholders' dividends: the balance after deducting the preceding two items, together with the retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year concerned shall be the cumulative earnings available for distribution; as the Company is at a stage of stable growth, and considering the benefits of shareholders,</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
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<u>shareholders shall be no less than 60% of the distributable earnings of the current year and no less than 15% of the shareholder's dividends shall be in the form of cash.</u>	<u>stability of financial condition and business development, the amount of dividends distributed to shareholders shall be no less than 60% of the distributable earnings of the year concerned and no less than 15% of the shareholder's dividends shall be in the form of cash.</u>	
<b>Article 33</b> These Articles of Incorporation were enacted on July 28, 1975. (the 1 <sup>st</sup> through 48 <sup>th</sup> revision dates have been omitted for simplicity) <u>The forty-night amendment was made on June 8, 2016.</u>	<b>Article 33</b> These Articles of Incorporation were enacted on July 28, 1975. (the 1 <sup>st</sup> through 47 <sup>th</sup> revision dates have been omitted for simplicity) The forty-eight amendment was made on June 10, 2015.	Addition of the 49 <sup>th</sup> revision date.

Voting and Resolution for Discussion Items

## **II. REPORT ITEMS**

### **1. 2015 Operation Results**

See Appendix 1: Business Report

### **2. 2015 Financial Results**

#### **(1) PricewaterhouseCoopers CPA Audit Report (Parent Company Only Financial Statements)**

See Appendix 2: PricewaterhouseCoopers CPA Audit Report

#### **(2) Parent Company Only Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2015**

See Appendix 2: Parent Company Only Balance Sheet

#### **(3) Parent Company Only Comprehensive Income Statement (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 2: Parent Company Only Comprehensive Income Statement

#### **(4) Parent Company Only Statement of Changes in Equity (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 2: Parent Company Only Statement of Changes in Equity

#### **(5) Parent Company Only Cash Flow Statement (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 2: Parent Company Only Cash Flow Statement

#### **(6) PricewaterhouseCoopers CPA Audit Report (Consolidated Financial Statements)**

See Appendix 3: PricewaterhouseCoopers CPA Audit Report

#### **(7) Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2015**

See Appendix 3: Consolidated Balance Sheet

#### **(8) Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 3: Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

#### **(9) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 3: Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

#### **(10) Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (January 1, 2015 ~ December 31, 2015)**

See Appendix 3: Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

### **3. Audit Committee's Review Opinions on 2015 annual final accounting books and statements**

See Appendix 4: Audit Committee's Review Opinions on 2015 annual final accounting books and statements

4. Report on 2015 Employees' and Directors' Compensation
  - (1) The distribution of 2015 employees' and directors' compensation is stipulated in amended Article 30 of Articles of Incorporation.
  - (2) The Company's annual profit in 2015 is NT\$22,964,420,951, of which 11.4% is allocated as the employees' compensation totaling NT\$2,620,929,598 and 0.14% is allocated as the directors' compensation totaling NT\$32,400,000.
5. Report on Short-form Merger between Delta Electronics, Inc. and SYN-TEK Automation Co., Ltd.
  - (1) To integrate resources, expand the scale of operations, and improve the business performance and competitiveness, the Company has merged with its 100% owned subsidiary SYN-TEK Automation Co., Ltd. upon the resolution passed by both Boards of Directors held on March 10, 2016. The effective date of the merger is on April 11, 2016. Upon the merger, the Company is the surviving company, while SYN-TEK Automation Co., Ltd. is the dissolved company.
  - (2) The short-form merger has been submitted to Department of Commerce, Ministry of Economic Affairs for the change registration.

### **III. PROPOSAL ITEMS**

1. Adoption of the 2015 annual final accounting books and statements (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: (1) This Company's 2015 annual final accounting books and statements including the Business Report, Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements (please refer to pages 27-50) have been reviewed by the Company's Audit Committee. The Company's Audit Committee has found no discrepancies after a thorough review and has made a written review report for records.

(2) Please adoption.

## **2. Adoption of the 2015 Earnings Distribution (Proposed by the Board of Directors)**

Explanation: (1) The 2015 Earnings Distribution Table is compiled as follows in accordance with Company Act and the Company's Articles of Incorporation and has been approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors on March 10, 2016.

- (2) The Board of Director was proposed to set aside NT\$12,987,716,645 for cash dividends. With the approval of Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors would be authorized to set a record date of dividends distribution to the shareholders and the proposed cash dividend would be distributed by the shareholding ratio of shareholders in the register of shareholders on the designated record date of distribution. According to the number of shares issued and eligible for distribution totaling 2,597,543,329, the cash dividends of approximately NT\$ 5,000 per thousand shares will be distributed. In the event that the proposed earnings distribution is affected by an amendment to relevant laws or regulations, a request by the competent authorities, or a change in common shares (such as, buyback of shares for transfer or cancellation, domestic capital increase by cash, and employee stock options), it is proposed that the Board of Directors be authorized to adjust the cash dividends to be distributed to each share based on the number of actual shares outstanding on the record date for distribution.
- (3) Please adoption.

Delta Electronics, Inc.  
2015 Earnings Distribution Table

Item	Description	Unit: NT\$ Amount
Net profit for the year 2015		
	Profit before tax income	20,311,091,353
	Income tax expense	1,596,468,000
	Profit for the year 2015	18,714,623,353
Subtract: Setting aside 10% legal reserve		1,871,462,335
	Reversal of special reserve	527,556,458
Earnings available for distribution by the end of 2015		16,315,604,560
Add: Retained earnings in the beginning of 2015		15,668,943,550
	Reversal of fractional cash dividends in previous years	11,972
	First-time adoption of IAS19R adjustment	36,485,440
Subtract: Difference between consideration and carrying		
	amount in non-controlling interest transactions	5,589,901,317
	Actuarial losses on defined benefit plan	321,222,982
Earnings available for distribution by the end of the fiscal year (Note 1)		26,109,921,223
Distribution Items:		
	Shareholders' dividends - Cash	NT\$5.0 per share 12,987,716,645
Undistributed earnings by the end of 2015		13,122,204,578

(Note 1) The principle of 2015 earnings distribution: Earnings available for distribution by the end of the fiscal year shall be distributed first.

(Note 2) Cash dividends distributed are rounded up to NT\$1. The total amount of fractional cash dividends less than NT\$1 shall be reversed to undistributable earnings.

#### **IV. DISCUSSION ITEMS**

##### **1. Discussion of the Amendments to Operation Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets (Proposed by the Board of Directors)**

Explanation: (1) In order to better meet the Group's future development needs, it is proposed to amend certain provisions of the Operating Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets. Please see the comparison table of revised articles of the Operating Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets for the detailed revisions.

(2) The proposed amendments are submitted for discussion.



**Comparison Table of Revised Articles of the Operating Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets**

Article after revision	Article before revision	Explanation
<p><b>Article 10-1</b> Where the total amount invested by a Subsidiary in securities after making a proposed investment will exceed <u>30%</u> of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance. Where the transaction amount of a proposed investment in a specific security by a Subsidiary exceeds <u>10%</u> of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance.</p>	<p><b>Article 10-1</b> Where the total amount invested by a Subsidiary in securities after making a proposed investment will exceed <u>10%</u> of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance. Where the transaction amount of a proposed investment in a specific security by a Subsidiary exceeds <u>5%</u> of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance.</p>	Amended in accordance with the Group's future development.

Voting and Resolution for each of Proposal and Discussion Items

## V. ELECTION ITEMS

### 1. Election of One Independent Director (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: (1) One independent director of the Company is proposed to be elected. The new independent director will assume office after being elected in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting with the term from June 8, 2016 to June 9, 2018.

(2) The Company adopted the candidates nomination system for electing independent directors. Upon the review of the Board of Directors, the relevant information is described as follows:

#### List of Candidate for Independent Director

Name	Educational Background/Experience	Number of Shares Held
Ji-Ren Lee	Educational Background : Ph.D in Strategic Management, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Experience: Associate Dean on Teaching and Resource Development, College of Management, National Taiwan University; Executive Director of EMBA Program, College of Management, National Taiwan University; Marketing Service Manager, Marketing Department, Boehringer Ingelheim Taiwan Limited, Planner, Training Department, Yulon Motor Co.	0

(3) Please Vote

Voting

Election Result:

## VI. OTHER ITEMS

### 1. Releasing Directors from Non-competition Restrictions (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: (1) According to Article 209 of Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the Company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.

(2) For the newly elected independent director who does anything stipulated in Article 209 of Company Act, without prejudicing the interests of the Company, the release of the prohibition on such director from participation in competitive business is proposed for approval. Important duties of such director whose prohibition from participation in competitive business is proposed to be released are described as follows:

(3) The proposal is submitted for discussion.

#### Description of Important Duties of Directors Serving Other Companies (New)

Name of Director	Important Duties of Other Companies	Title
Ping Cheng	Delta Electronics (Jiangsu) Limited	Director
Johnson Lee	Delta Greentech (China) Co., Ltd.	Director
Simon Chang	PBA International Pte. Ltd.	Director
Chung-Hsing Huang	HUXEN CORPORATION	Independent Director

Voting and Resolution for Releasing Directors from Non-competition Restrictions

## VII. EXTEMPORARY MOTIONS

Meeting adjourned.

## **Appendix 1**

### **Business Report**

Facing the uncertainty of a rapidly changing global economy, Delta achieved satisfactory results in 2015, while continuing to fulfill the corporate mission of providing innovative, clean and energy efficient solutions in response to climate change. Delta reported consolidated revenues of NT\$203.5 billion in 2015, an increase of 7% compared to the previous year. Gross profits amounted to NT\$55.4 billion with a gross margin of 27.2%, an increase of 8% compared to that in 2014. Operating profit amounted to NT\$20.5 billion, 10.1% of revenues and 10% decrease compared to the previous year. Net income after tax was NT\$18.7 billion, 9.2% of revenues and 10% decrease from 2014. In 2015, Delta's earnings per share (EPS) and return on equity (ROE) were NT\$7.67 and 16.5% respectively. Although the overall financial performances in 2015 did not surpass those in the previous year, Delta did make visible progress in new business developments and will continue to invest in research and development. Below is a brief summary of Delta's business prospects:

**Power Electronics:** Delta has long engaged in ICT industry and has been making remarkable achievements in technology and cost efficiency optimization. Delta's long-standing business partnership with industry leaders not only generates continued growth opportunities but also helps us to build solid foundations for operations and technology advancement.

Delta is a global leader in switching power supplies, brushless DC fans and thermal solutions, and has been growing rapidly in miniaturized key electronics components. In addition to maintaining a leading position in existing markets, Delta has been actively developing products for applications in automotive and electric vehicles, cloud computing, healthcare, LED lighting and smart homes. Delta's expertise in modularized design and flexible manufacturing enables us to fulfill a variety of demands from both mass production in ICT industries and high-mix-low-volume requirements from industrial and medical customers to provide them with high added-value products with extreme standards on precision and quality. We believe the increasingly strict requirements for environmental protection and energy efficiency, together with the maturity of cloud and IoT (Internet of Things) applications, will lead to strong demand for Delta's energy-efficient power electronics products to compensate for the decline in PCs and desktop markets. No doubt Power Electronics will remain a cornerstone business to Delta in the foreseeable

future.

**Energy Management:** With its wide spectrum of business scope, energy management has been the priority for Delta's investments and developments in recent years. We achieved many iconic milestones so far, which fully reflected our brand promise of Smarter. Greener. Together.

Having dedicated to industrial automation for over 20 years, Delta continuously develops new products and services such as SCARA robot, 5-axis Cartesian robot arm solution, machine visions, CNC controllers and SCADA systems that are widely required in industrial automation. Besides, we combine our state-of-the-art technologies and domain know-how in user scenarios to optimize our solution offerings in order to meet customers' demand for high flexibility and precision, yet low in energy consumption and labor requirement manufacturing practices. Located in Nevada US, the Crescent Dunes Solar Energy Project is the world's first utility-scale concentrating solar power plant of its kind. The plant already commenced operation and is capable of generating 500M kWh of clean electricity each year. The highly accredited sun tracking system customized by Delta, which integrates PLC (programmable logic controllers), drivers, servo-motors, power adapters and networking communications as well as system management software, controls over 10,000 heliostat mirrors to ensure each mirror collects maximum sunlight precisely based on its location and angle of sunlight and is regarded as one of the key elements to the success of the Project.

Delta's telecom power leads the industry with the highest power conversion efficiency. After successfully acquiring Norwegian power system provider, Eltek, Delta has perfected its global footprint and product lines through complementary core competencies and resources allocation. The Eltek acquisition not only enables Delta to become the world's largest player in telecom power systems but also equips Delta with more competitive product portfolio to offer to its customers. Eltek's newly launched Rectifier, a revolutionary bi-directional power conversion module integrating rectifier, inverter and static transfer switch into one single module, significantly simplifies power architectures and is suitable for telecom, datacenters and industrial applications, which in turn greatly enhances Delta's market competitiveness. In addition, our UPS (uninterruptible power supply) and datacenter infrastructure solutions business made significant progress in 2015. We successfully implemented our solutions to several landmark customers, including German top automakers, the Savings Bank of the Russian Federation, the China aerospace

industry, and the Petrovsky Stadium in St. Petersburg, to ensure continuity for their mission critical operations, while reducing energy and operating costs. Needless to say, the excellent performance demonstrated by Delta earned strong recognition from these customers.

After years of effort, Delta has also made remarkable progress in automotive electronics and EV (electric vehicle) charging systems and renewable energy. Delta has installed the first EV charging station in Taiwan, a quick charging station in Hong Kong International Airport, the first DC quick charging station in Thailand, and earned the project to install several hundreds of DC quick chargers for Ishavsveien charging network, which will have over 1,000 charging stations when completes, in Norway. Last year Delta set up the largest and fastest DC charging station in Melbourne, Australia. In China market we partnered with Ford to launch high efficiency wall-mounted chargers, and teamed up with a German leading car manufacturer for Delta-brand charger business too. In addition, Delta was granted a US\$3 million funding from the US Department of Energy to develop bilateral high-density onboard chargers for plug-in electric vehicles (PEV) with target energy efficiency above 95%. All of these demonstrated Delta's determination to bring demands from utility companies, electric car manufacturers and car owners together to develop smart energy management solutions that best serve their needs. In renewable energy, Delta has inaugurated its first self-built and operated solar power plant in Ako City, Hyogo Prefecture, Japan, with a total area of 96,000 square meters. It features a distributed power generation system with medium-size solar inverters in response to the irregular terrain and to maximize overall power generation efficiency. This is the largest distributed solar power plant connecting to an extra-high voltage (33,000V) grid in Japan and is expected to generate approximately 5 million kWh electricity per year, which is equivalent to the annual consumption by approximately 1,000 local households. The Ako Energy Park is a live showcase of Delta's competence in applying in-house products and system integration technologies to build and operate a high-efficiency solar plant. Electricity generated in Ako Energy Park will be fed back to the grid in its entirety, which not only provides the most cost-effective renewable energy source to the utility company but also establishes a brand new profitable business model for Delta to pursue further.

**Smart Green Life:** Technology and culture are highly interrelated with the ultimate goal to create a better life for the mankind. Display and networking are Delta's areas of pursuit in Smart Green Life initiatives. By integrating modularized display units and smart control systems, Delta's display solutions have unique

capabilities in massive signals processing and data analytics, real-time smart monitoring and display for interactive decision making and operational management capability, and have been widely adopted in applications such as grid and transportation monitoring, security surveillance and scientific exploration. Delta's display solutions not only serve well in government and industrial sectors but also appear in our everyday lives from the National Center for Traditional Arts in Yilan, the Ring of Celestial Bliss at Taiwan Lantern Festival, to the Stamford Bridge Football Field fence screens, the Barcelona Lantern Festival and seamless 3D projection mapping on the facade of the National Taichung Theater. Integrating high definition display with cultural and sports events, Delta is well positioned as a premium brand that brings technology and people together.

Delta Networks, Inc. (DNI) is dedicated to networking business, serving world-class telcos, network operators, internet service providers, datacenter operators and various kinds of business entities. As a major supplier of high speed switches, DNI doubled its 10G shipments last year and launched the world's first 100G switches to meet customers' requirement for expedited data transmission speed. In addition to serving external customers, DNI acts as Delta's internal expert in network communication systems and provides unparalleled support to equip our systems and solutions business teams with necessary data transmission and communication products and expertise. Last year, DNI achieved excellent business results. With the ever-increasing demand for IoT applications and network communications, we believe the future of Delta's Smart Green Life business is ever promising and will play a bigger role in Delta's overall business portfolio.

Cross functional collaboration and interdisciplinary technology integration are essential to the success of solution business, and is therefore one of the key priorities for top management attention. The rapid development of new businesses requires new technologies and organizational capabilities which can be obtained through both in-house cultivation and external mergers and acquisitions (M&A). Besides on-the-job training programs tailored for new business development teams, Delta Research Center (DRC), established in 2013, plays an important role in materializing solution-based new business opportunities driven by business model differentiation and technology innovation. DRC aims to develop technologies and applications in IoT, life science and big data analytics as well as to enhance assessment tools and processes in new business validation and technology development. DRC also works with several world-renowned enterprises and academic institutions to continuously explore new fields of possibilities. Although young, DRC has successfully worked

with business groups to accomplish several important projects. We firmly believe DRC will continue to contribute and become an indispensable contributor to Delta's success in new business development.

Delta is a veteran in advocating attention to environmental protection and climate change issues, and we have been practicing what we preach. As buildings have broad impact on our daily lives and possess great potential in energy saving, Delta enforced green buildings design concept and construction to all new facilities while systematically converted existing buildings into green buildings for better energy efficiency. The first Delta green building was completed in 2006 in Taiwan and was awarded Taiwan's first gold-rated green building certification. Since then we had commissioned the construction and renovation of 21 green buildings, including the latest Delta's Americas Headquarters building in Fremont. This new 180,000 square foot facility meets net zero standards by leveraging huge amount of Delta products and systems and using a ground source heat pump that significantly reduces the need for electricity. It becomes the landmark in Fremont City and has demonstrated Delta's capability in design and application of smart green building.

Last year, Delta joined the UN Conference on Climate Change (COP21) at the Grand Palais in Paris, and run an exhibition on 21 green buildings from Delta to share our experiences in energy saving through building design and energy management. Delta also co-organized an official side event with the German Federal Environment Agency and Leeds University in the UK to advocate the contribution from energy efficiency to reduction of carbon emissions. Delta's consistent and relentless efforts earned worldwide recognition, and has further assured Delta's leading position in global green industries.

While fulfilling its corporate social responsibility and pursuing business growth, Delta strives to perfect its corporate governance practice and investor services with outstanding results. In 2015, Delta was selected as a member of DJSI World in Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) for the fifth consecutive year, and received the Excellence of Corporate Social Responsibility Award in Overall Performance and Sustainable Development for the third consecutive year from Global Views. In 2015 Delta was not only ranked among the highest grade A++ companies for three years in a row but also placed in the top 5% of all Taiwan listed companies in corporate governance excellence by the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). In addition, Delta was selected as one of Taiwan's Top 20 Global Brands for the fifth straight year with brand value approximately US\$200 million, a 17% increase from the previous year.



Delta is the only enterprise that has achieved double-digit growth in brand value for three consecutive years, which fully illustrates that Delta's well-rounded efforts and performance are highly recognized by industry and the general public.

Delta ties business development with corporate social responsibility closely together, and rides the trend to achieve stable and outstanding operating performance. Last year, Delta successfully raised NT\$24 billion through capital increase to strengthen its financial structure and enable Delta to respond agilely to market dynamics and seize business opportunities. We thereby render our most sincere thank to all of our shareholders and customers for your continued support, and to our employees for the long-term dedications and contributions to Delta's business. We believe that Delta will continue to prosper and grow stronger through diligence and persistence, and we hope to bring positive and profound impact to the sustainability of the planet and mankind.

Chairman	Yancey Hai
CEO	Ping Cheng
CFO	Judy Wang

## Appendix 2

### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To Delta Electronics, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Delta Electronics, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under equity method, which statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for under equity method) of \$7,234,978 thousand and \$6,185,575 thousand, constituting 4.65% and 3.95% of the total assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and total comprehensive income (including share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method and share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method) of \$1,273,474 thousand and \$1,106,572 thousand, constituting 6.61% and 4.72% of the total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were audited by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein is based solely on the audit reports of the other independent accountants.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the “Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants” and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of the other independent accountants provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other independent accountants, the parent company only financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Delta Electronics, Inc. as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and their financial

performance and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the “Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers”.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 10, 2016

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The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.  
PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS  
DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Assets	Notes	December 31, 2015	(adjusted) December 31, 2014	(adjusted) January 1, 2014
<b>Current assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 1,643,371	\$ 7,976,704	\$ 5,889,486
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	6(2)	73,479	460,607	586,773
Notes receivable, net		71,961	58,093	54,675
Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	5,547,542	5,733,649	8,021,708
Accounts receivable - related parties	7	1,851,365	1,936,710	1,109,261
Other receivables		95,016	92,447	43,479
Other receivables - related parties	7	560,607	355,952	378,913
Current income tax assets		615,729	361,196	5,957
Inventory	6(5)	922,628	940,023	691,306
Prepayments		417,887	751,088	345,057
Other current assets	8	200,811	143,101	53,308
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<u>12,000,396</u>	<u>18,809,570</u>	<u>17,179,923</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	6(2)	5,082,561	5,150,949	6,117,918
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	6(3)	59,387	210,678	210,985
Investments accounted for under equity method	6(6)	125,786,886	120,525,466	102,608,730
Property, plant and equipment	6(7)	11,174,713	10,040,068	9,568,372
Intangible assets	6(8)	551,907	634,267	634,017
Deferred income tax assets	6(22)	537,450	853,915	521,569
Other non-current assets	6(9)	233,417	288,269	198,871
<b>Total Non-current assets</b>		<u>143,426,321</u>	<u>137,703,612</u>	<u>119,860,462</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>\$ 155,426,717</u>	<u>\$ 156,513,182</u>	<u>\$ 137,040,385</u>

(Continued)

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.**  
**PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	December 31, 2015	(adjusted) December 31, 2014	(adjusted) January 1, 2014
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Accounts payable		\$ 609,352	\$ 593,999	754,656
Accounts payable - related parties	7	6,533,493	8,229,224	8,671,249
Other payables		8,461,220	7,398,644	6,450,408
Other payables - related parties	7	194,402	228,596	166,770
Current income tax liabilities		312,901	-	-
Other current liabilities		744,018	1,414,239	1,098,555
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		<u>16,855,386</u>	<u>17,864,702</u>	<u>17,141,638</u>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>				
Long-term borrowings	6(10)	3,570,366	26,366,000	18,716,500
Deferred income tax liabilities	6(22)	7,960,828	6,944,821	5,024,691
Other non-current liabilities	6(11)	2,669,950	2,416,262	2,589,161
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<u>14,201,144</u>	<u>35,727,083</u>	<u>26,330,352</u>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<u>31,056,530</u>	<u>53,591,785</u>	<u>43,471,990</u>
<b>Equity</b>				
<b>Share capital</b>				
Share capital - common stock	6(13)	25,975,433	24,375,433	24,375,433
<b>Capital surplus</b>				
Capital surplus	6(14)	48,344,161	25,822,764	25,790,922
<b>Retained earnings</b>	6(15)			
Legal reserve		17,622,146	15,552,256	13,774,636
Special reserve		-	527,556	4,074,505
Unappropriated retained earnings		28,508,940	33,579,303	25,133,131
<b>Other equity interest</b>	6(6)			
Other equity interest		3,919,507	3,064,085	419,768
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>124,370,187</u>	<u>102,921,397</u>	<u>93,568,395</u>
<b>Significant contingent liabilities and unrecorded contract commitments</b>	9			
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<u>\$ 155,426,717</u>	<u>\$ 156,513,182</u>	<u>\$ 137,040,385</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.**  
**PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Items	Notes	2015	2014 (adjusted)
<b>Sales revenue</b>	6(16) and 7	\$ 37,892,526	\$ 38,607,643
<b>Operating costs</b>	6(17) and 7	( 33,584,230 )	( 34,318,928 )
<b>Gross profit</b>		<u>4,308,296</u>	<u>4,288,715</u>
<b>Operating expenses</b>	6(23)(24)		
Selling expenses		( 505,597 )	( 496,487 )
General and administrative expenses		( 1,433,036 )	( 1,539,994 )
Research and development expenses		( 440,875 )	( 336,715 )
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<u>( 2,379,508 )</u>	<u>( 2,373,196 )</u>
<b>Operating profit</b>		<u>1,928,788</u>	<u>1,915,519</u>
<b>Non-operating income and expenses</b>			
Other income	6(18)	778,580	651,582
Other gains and losses	6(2)(19)	( 100,956 )	( 226,730 )
Finance costs	6(20)	( 202,048 )	( 113,148 )
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(6)	<u>17,906,727</u>	<u>19,957,959</u>
<b>Total non-operating revenue and expenses</b>		<u>18,382,303</u>	<u>20,269,663</u>
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		<u>20,311,091</u>	<u>22,185,182</u>
Income tax expense	6(22)	( 1,596,468 )	( 1,480,706 )
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<u>\$ 18,714,623</u>	<u>\$ 20,704,476</u>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b>			
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
(Loss) gain on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	6(11)	( \$ 321,223 )	\$ 130,144
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		<u>-</u>	<u>( 20,038 )</u>
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		<u>( 321,223 )</u>	<u>110,106</u>
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>			
Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		3,277,513	5,558,761
Unrealized loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		( 493,147 )	( 1,439,204 )
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method		( 1,690,950 )	( 976,056 )
Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(22)	<u>( 237,994 )</u>	<u>( 499,175 )</u>
<b>Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		<u>855,422</u>	<u>2,644,326</u>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>\$ 534,199</u>	<u>\$ 2,754,432</u>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>\$ 19,248,822</u>	<u>\$ 23,458,908</u>
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>	6(23)		
<b>Total basic earnings per share</b>		<u>\$ 7.67</u>	<u>\$ 8.49</u>
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>			
<b>Total diluted earnings per share</b>		<u>\$ 7.59</u>	<u>\$ 8.42</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.  
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Retained Earnings				Other equity interest			
						Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges	
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings			Total equity
<u>2014 New Taiwan Dollars (adjusted)</u>									
Balance at January 1, 2014		\$ 24,375,433	\$ 25,790,922	\$ 13,774,636	\$ 4,074,505	\$ 25,212,328	( \$ 1,703,490 )	\$ 2,104,380	\$ 93,647,592
Effects of retrospective application and retrospective restatement		-	-	-	-	( 79,197 )	-	-	( 79,197 )
Balance at January 1, 2014 after adjustments		24,375,433	25,790,922	13,774,636	4,074,505	25,133,131	( 1,703,490 )	2,104,380	93,568,395
Distribution of 2013 earnings (Note1)									
Legal reserve	6(15)	-	-	1,777,620	-	( 1,777,620 )	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	6(15)	-	-	-	( 3,546,949 )	3,546,949	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(15)	-	-	-	-	( 14,137,739 )	-	-	( 14,137,739 )
Change in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		-	32,255	-	-	-	-	-	32,255
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed		-	( 73 )	-	-	-	-	-	( 73 )
Disposal of investments accounted for using equity method		-	( 340 )	-	-	-	( 9 )	-	( 349 )
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	110,106	4,118,876	( 1,462,302 )	2,754,432
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	20,704,476	-	-	20,704,476
Balance at December 31, 2014		<u>\$ 24,375,433</u>	<u>\$ 25,822,764</u>	<u>\$ 15,552,256</u>	<u>\$ 527,556</u>	<u>\$ 33,579,303</u>	<u>\$ 2,415,377</u>	<u>\$ 642,078</u>	<u>\$ 102,921,397</u>
<u>2015 New Taiwan Dollars</u>									
Balance at January 1, 2015 (adjusted)		\$ 24,375,433	\$ 25,822,764	\$ 15,552,256	\$ 527,556	\$ 33,579,303	\$ 2,415,377	\$ 642,078	\$ 102,921,397
Share-based payments	6(12)	-	123,165	-	-	-	-	-	123,165
Issuance of shares		1,600,000	22,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	24,000,000
Distribution of 2014 earnings (Note2)									
Legal reserve	6(15)	-	-	2,069,890	-	( 2,069,890 )	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve	6(15)	-	-	-	( 527,556 )	527,556	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(15)	-	-	-	-	( 16,331,528 )	-	-	( 16,331,528 )
Change in acquisition of non-controlling interests from subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	( 5,589,901 )	-	-	( 5,589,901 )
Change in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		-	( 1,768 )	-	-	-	-	-	( 1,768 )
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	( 321,223 )	1,293,061	( 437,197 )	534,199
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	18,714,623	-	-	18,714,623
Balance at December 31, 2015		<u>\$ 25,975,433</u>	<u>\$ 48,344,161</u>	<u>\$ 17,622,146</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,508,940</u>	<u>\$ 3,708,438</u>	<u>\$ 204,881</u>	<u>\$ 124,370,187</u>

Note 1: Directors' and supervisors' remuneration amounting to \$30,400 and employees' bonus amounting to \$2,492,438 had been deducted from the Statement of Comprehensive Income in 2013.

Note 2: Directors' and supervisors' remuneration amounting to \$32,900 and employees' bonus amounting to \$2,893,928 had been deducted from the Statement of Comprehensive Income in 2014.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.  
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	2015	2014
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Profit before tax for the year		\$ 20,311,091	\$ 22,185,182
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash generated from operating activities			
Income and expense having no effect on cash flows			
Depreciation	6(7)(21)	565,870	531,922
Amortization	6(8)(21)	233,387	293,229
Provision for bad debts	6(4)	( 9,452 )	( 3,217 )
Interest expense	6(20)	202,048	113,148
Interest income	6(18)	( 17,003 )	( 14,374 )
Dividend income	6(18)	( 75,786 )	( 109,270 )
Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity method	6(6)	( 17,906,727 )	( 19,957,959 )
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(19)	804	180,590
Share-based payments	6(12)	123,165	-
Loss on disposal of investments	6(19)	322,733	211,912
Impairment loss on financial assets	6(19)	36,671	26,056
Impairment loss(gain) on non-financial assets		-	( 184,457 )
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities			
Net changes in assets relating to operating activities			
Notes receivable		( 13,868 )	( 3,418 )
Accounts receivable		195,559	2,291,276
Accounts receivable - related parties		85,345	( 827,449 )
Other receivables		( 155,587 )	( 48,487 )
Other receivables - related parties		( 204,655 )	22,961
Inventory		17,395	( 248,717 )
Prepayments		333,201	( 405,964 )
Other current assets		( 57,710 )	( 86,711 )
Other non-current assets		6,884	( 21,446 )
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities			
Accounts payable		15,353	( 164,308 )
Accounts payable - related parties		( 1,695,731 )	( 442,025 )
Other payables		1,086,258	926,164
Other payables - related parties		( 34,194 )	61,826
Other current liabilities		( 670,221 )	315,324
Other non-current liabilities		45,586	( 14,865 )
Cash generated from operations		2,740,416	4,626,923
Interest received		170,021	14,072
Dividends received		9,131,585	7,145,762
Interest paid		( 225,730 )	( 101,719 )
Income taxes paid		( 443,743 )	( 785,827 )
Net cash provided by operating activities		<u>11,372,549</u>	<u>10,899,211</u>

(Continued)



DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC.  
PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014  
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets		(\$ 910,116 )	(\$ 1,061,734 )
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		368,539	454,122
Proceeds from capital reduction of available-for-sale financial assets		48,689	18,112
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets carried at cost		540	306
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method		( 918,019 )	( 550,585 )
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method		-	22,443
Decrease in cash surrender value of life insurance		36,131	1,182
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(7)	( 1,715,802 )	( 1,036,652 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		14,483	43,852
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(8)	( 151,027 )	( 281,027 )
Increase in refundable deposits		( 2,004 )	( 4,828 )
Decrease(increase) in prepayments for business facilities		13,841	( 57,189 )
Cash received through merger		-	128,244
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments accounted for under the equity method		596,239	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at cost		68,426	-
Net cash used in investing activities		( 2,550,080 )	( 2,323,754 )
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Proceeds from long-term debt		-	7,649,500
Repayment of long-term debt		( 22,795,634 )	-
Proceeds from issuance of shares		24,000,000	-
Increase in guarantee deposits received		( 290 )	-
Cash dividends paid		( 16,331,528 )	( 14,137,739 )
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries	6(24)	( 28,350 )	-
Net cash used in financing activities		( 15,155,802 )	( 6,488,239 )
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		( 6,333,333 )	2,087,218
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		7,976,704	5,889,486
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		<u>\$ 1,643,371</u>	<u>\$ 7,976,704</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

### Appendix 3

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS (TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE)

To Delta Electronics, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Delta Electronics, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of certain investments accounted for under equity method, which statements reflect total assets (including investments accounted for under equity method) of NT\$6,916,950 thousand and NT\$6,436,189 thousand, constituting 3.06% and 2.92% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, and total comprehensive income (including share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method and share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventur/es accounted for under equity method) of NT\$1,273,474 thousand and NT\$1,106,572 thousand, constituting 6.23% and 4.44% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively. Those financial statements and the information disclosed in Note 13 were audited by other independent accountants whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion expressed herein is based solely on the audit reports of the other independent accountants.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the “Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants” and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of the other independent accountants provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other independent accountants, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Delta Electronics, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and their financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the “Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers” and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Delta Electronics, Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, on which we have expressed a modified unqualified opinion on such financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of Delta Electronics, Inc. and subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015 expressed in US dollars are presented solely for the convenience of the reader and were translated from the financial statements expressed in New Taiwan dollars using the exchange rate of \$32.825 to US\$1.00 at December 31, 2015. This basis of translation is not in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and relevant interpretations and interpretative bulletins that are ratified by the FSC.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

March 10, 2016

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

Assets	Notes	US Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars	
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015	(adjusted) December 31, 2014 (adjusted) January 1, 2014
<b>Current assets</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 1,561,384	\$ 51,252,453	\$ 73,459,818
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(2)	4,549	149,350	39,626
Available-for-sale financial assets - current	6(3)	12,469	409,320	688,324
Derivative financial assets for hedging - current	6(5)	-	-	-
Notes receivable, net		94,464	3,100,796	1,971,006
Accounts receivable, net	6(6)	1,384,811	45,456,423	42,956,211
Accounts receivable - related parties	7	44,952	1,475,555	1,260,102
Other receivables		14,637	480,474	465,368
Other receivables - related parties	7	3,826	125,608	43,507
Current income tax assets	6(30)	26,441	867,935	400,804
Inventories	6(8)	728,470	23,912,036	21,571,975
Prepayments		120,954	3,970,329	4,678,972
Other current assets	8	29,038	953,202	296,443
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>4,025,995</u>	<u>132,153,481</u>	<u>147,832,156</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	6(2)	3,407	111,866	115,924
Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current	6(3)	217,217	7,130,177	6,967,099
Financial assets carried at cost - non-current	6(4)	19,118	627,574	748,761
Investments accounted for under equity method	6(9)	259,815	8,528,444	7,016,737
Property, plant and equipment	6(10)	1,276,204	41,891,417	36,814,759
Investment property, net	6(11)	63,172	2,073,648	2,223,848
Intangible assets	6(12)	774,559	25,424,926	11,706,015
Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	172,527	5,663,227	4,348,083
Other non-current assets	6(13) and 8	81,381	2,671,176	2,659,428
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<u>2,867,400</u>	<u>94,122,455</u>	<u>72,600,654</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u>\$ 6,893,395</u>	<u>\$ 226,275,936</u>	<u>\$ 220,432,810</u>

(Continued)

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

Assets	Notes	US Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars	
		December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015	(adjusted) December 31, 2014 (adjusted) January 1, 2014
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
Short-term borrowings	6(14)	\$ 338,448	\$ 11,109,573	\$ 5,801,298
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(15)	4,267	140,080	51,606
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging - current	6(5)	-	-	-
Notes payable		-	-	-
Accounts payable		1,079,163	35,423,550	33,504,170
Accounts payable - related parties	7	13,974	458,709	244,813
Other payables		681,267	22,362,597	19,221,347
Current income tax liabilities	6(30)	55,625	1,825,908	1,698,484
Other current liabilities	6(16)	153,294	5,031,879	4,102,644
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>2,326,038</b>	<b>76,352,296</b>	<b>64,624,362</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>				
Long-term borrowings	6(16)	121,669	3,993,805	26,468,103
Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)	356,893	11,715,032	9,875,658
Other non-current liabilities	6(17)	142,025	4,661,994	3,796,330
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>620,587</b>	<b>20,370,831</b>	<b>40,140,091</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>2,946,625</b>	<b>96,723,127</b>	<b>104,764,453</b>
<b>Equity</b>				
<b>Share capital</b>				
Share capital - common stock	6(19)	791,330	25,975,433	24,375,433
<b>Capital surplus</b>				
Capital surplus	6(20)	1,472,784	48,344,161	25,822,764
<b>Retained earnings</b>	6(21)			
Legal reserve		536,851	17,622,146	15,552,256
Special reserve		-	-	527,556
Unappropriated retained earnings		868,513	28,508,940	33,579,303
<b>Other equity interest</b>				
Other equity interest		119,406	3,919,507	3,064,085
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the parent</b>		<b>3,788,884</b>	<b>124,370,187</b>	<b>102,921,397</b>
<b>Non-controlling interest</b>	6(22)	<b>157,886</b>	<b>5,182,622</b>	<b>12,746,960</b>
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>3,946,770</b>	<b>129,552,809</b>	<b>115,668,357</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>		<b>\$ 6,893,395</b>	<b>\$ 226,275,936</b>	<b>\$ 220,432,810</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA)

Items	Notes	US Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars	
		2015	2015	(adjusted) 2014
<b>Revenue</b>	6(23) and 7	\$ 6,198,070	\$ 203,451,661	\$ 190,635,120
<b>Operating costs</b>	6(24)(28) (29)and 7	( 4,511,287)	( 148,082,996)	( 139,140,582)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<u>1,686,783</u>	<u>55,368,665</u>	<u>51,494,538</u>
<b>Operating expenses</b>	6(28)(29)			
Selling expenses		( 378,382)	( 12,420,421)	( 9,551,229)
General and administrative expenses		( 243,238)	( 7,984,301)	( 6,684,075)
Research and development expenses		( 440,674)	( 14,465,029)	( 12,440,667)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		( 1,062,294)	( 34,869,751)	( 28,675,971)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<u>624,489</u>	<u>20,498,914</u>	<u>22,818,567</u>
<b>Non-operating income and expenses</b>				
Other income	6(25)	120,631	3,959,725	3,379,023
Other gains and losses	6(26)	( 14,024)	( 460,354)	( 497,007)
Finance costs	6(27)	( 13,892)	( 456,036)	( 164,035)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method	6(9)			
		<u>37,549</u>	<u>1,232,547</u>	<u>985,529</u>
<b>Total non-operating income and expenses</b>		<u>130,264</u>	<u>4,275,882</u>	<u>3,703,510</u>
<b>Profit before income tax</b>		754,753	24,774,796	26,522,077
Income tax expense	6(30)	( 149,045)	( 4,892,422)	( 4,202,831)
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<u>\$ 605,708</u>	<u>\$ 19,882,374</u>	<u>\$ 22,319,246</u>

(Continued)

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE DATA)

Items	Notes	US Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars	
		2015	2015	(adjusted) 2014
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss)</b>				
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
(Loss) gain on remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(\$ 9,786)	(\$ 321,223)	\$ 134,152
Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-	(20,038)
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		(9,786)	(321,223)	114,114
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		46,066	1,512,094	4,482,798
Unrealized loss on valuation of available-for-sale financial assets		(13,322)	(437,310)	(1,462,288)
Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges		-	-	(11,359)
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method		1,551	50,910	(7,654)
Income tax relating to the components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(30)	(7,250)	(237,994)	(499,175)
<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>		27,045	887,700	2,502,322
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		\$ 17,259	\$ 566,477	\$ 2,616,436
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		\$ 622,967	\$ 20,448,851	\$ 24,935,682
<b>Profit attributable to:</b>				
Owners of the parent		\$ 570,133	\$ 18,714,623	\$ 20,704,476
Non-controlling interest		\$ 35,575	\$ 1,167,751	\$ 1,614,770
<b>Comprehensive income attributable to:</b>				
Owners of the parent		\$ 586,409	\$ 19,248,822	\$ 23,458,908
Non-controlling interest		\$ 36,558	\$ 1,200,029	\$ 1,476,774
<b>Earnings per share (in dollars)</b>	6(31)			
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>		\$ 0.23	\$ 7.67	\$ 8.49
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		\$ 0.23	\$ 7.59	\$ 8.42

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
Retained earnings						Other equity interest			Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges			
	\$ 24,375,433	\$ 25,790,922	\$ 13,774,636	\$ 4,074,505	\$ 25,212,328	( \$ 1,703,490 )	\$ 2,104,380	\$ 18,878	\$ 93,647,592	\$ 14,238,038	\$ 107,885,630
	-	-	-	-	79,197	-	-	-	( 79,197 )	( 11,488 )	( 90,685 )
	24,375,433	25,790,922	13,774,636	4,074,505	25,133,131	( 1,703,490 )	2,104,380	18,878	93,568,395	14,226,550	107,794,945
	-	-	1,777,620	-	( 1,777,620 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	( 3,546,949 )	3,546,949	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	( 14,137,739 )	-	-	-	( 14,137,739 )	-	( 14,137,739 )
	-	32,255	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,255	-	32,255
	-	73	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 73 )	-	( 73 )
	-	( 340 )	-	-	-	( 9 )	-	-	( 349 )	-	( 349 )
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 2,545,612 )	( 2,956,364 )
	-	-	-	-	110,106	4,118,876	( 1,462,302 )	( 12,248 )	2,754,432	( 136,949 )	2,616,436
	-	-	-	-	20,704,476	-	-	-	20,704,476	1,239,768	22,319,246
	<u>\$ 24,375,433</u>	<u>\$ 25,822,764</u>	<u>\$ 15,552,256</u>	<u>\$ 527,556</u>	<u>\$ 33,579,303</u>	<u>\$ 2,415,377</u>	<u>\$ 642,078</u>	<u>\$ 6,630</u>	<u>\$ 102,921,397</u>	<u>\$ 12,746,960</u>	<u>\$ 115,668,357</u>
6(21)	\$ 24,375,433	\$ 25,822,764	\$ 15,552,256	\$ 527,556	\$ 33,579,303	\$ 2,415,377	\$ 642,078	\$ 6,630	\$ 102,921,397	\$ 12,746,960	\$ 115,668,357
	-	-	2,069,890	-	( 2,069,890 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	2,069,890	-	( 2,069,890 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	( 527,556 )	527,556	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	( 16,331,528 )	-	-	-	( 16,331,528 )	-	( 16,331,528 )
	1,600,000	22,400,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,400,000	-	22,400,000
	-	123,165	-	-	-	-	-	-	123,165	-	123,165
	-	( 1,768 )	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 1,768 )	-	( 1,768 )
6(32)	-	-	-	-	( 5,589,901 )	-	-	-	( 5,589,901 )	( 356,959 )	( 5,946,860 )
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 8,407,959 )	( 8,407,408 )
	-	-	-	-	( 321,223 )	1,293,061	( 437,197 )	( 442 )	534,199	32,278	566,477
	-	-	-	-	18,714,623	-	-	-	18,714,623	1,167,751	19,882,374
	<u>\$ 25,975,433</u>	<u>\$ 48,344,161</u>	<u>\$ 17,622,146</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 28,508,940</u>	<u>\$ 3,708,438</u>	<u>\$ 204,881</u>	<u>\$ 6,188</u>	<u>\$ 124,370,187</u>	<u>\$ 5,182,622</u>	<u>\$ 129,552,809</u>

(Continued)



**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings			Other equity interest			Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
			Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	Hedging instrument gain (loss) on effective hedge of cash flow hedges			
6(21)	\$ 742,587	\$ 786,679	\$ 473,793	\$ 16,071	\$ 1,022,979	\$ 73,583	\$ 19,561	\$ 201	\$ 3,135,454	\$ 388,330	\$ 3,523,784
	-	-	63,058	-	( 63,058 )	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	( 16,071 )	16,071	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	( 497,533 )	-	-	-	( 497,533 )	-	( 497,533 )
	48,743	682,406	-	-	-	-	-	-	731,149	-	731,149
	-	3,752	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,752	-	3,752
	-	( 53 )	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 53 )	-	( 53 )
6(32)	-	-	-	-	( 170,294 )	-	-	-	( 170,294 )	( 10,874 )	( 181,168 )
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	( 256,128 )	( 256,128 )
	-	-	-	-	( 9,785 )	39,393	( 13,319 )	( 13 )	16,276	983	17,259
	-	-	-	-	570,133	-	-	-	570,133	35,575	605,708
	\$ 791,330	\$ 1,472,784	\$ 536,851	\$ -	\$ 868,513	\$ 112,976	\$ 6,242	\$ 188	\$ 3,788,884	\$ 157,886	\$ 3,946,770

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

	Notes	US Dollars 2015	New Taiwan Dollars 2015	2104
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</u></b>				
Consolidated profit before tax for the year		\$ 754,753	\$ 24,774,796	\$ 26,522,077
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash generated from operating activities				
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows				
Depreciation	6(10)(11)	210,518	6,910,278	6,613,373
Amortization	6(12)	45,233	1,484,802	1,022,608
Provision for bad debts	6(6)	8,447	277,273	249,547
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(26)	2,241	73,588	61,827
Interest expense	6(27)	13,892	456,036	162,480
Interest income	6(25)	( 19,328 )	( 634,443 )	( 949,336 )
Dividend income	6(25)	( 4,770 )	( 156,599 )	( 141,714 )
Share-based payments	6(18)	3,752	123,165	-
Share of profit of associates accounted for under the equity method	6(9)	( 37,549 )	( 1,232,547 )	( 985,529 )
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(26)	( 22 )	( 747 )	11,725
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments	6(26)	3,377	110,857	( 57,117 )
Impairment loss on financial assets	6(3)	975	32,029	28,420
Impairment loss on non-financial assets	6(12)(26)	222	7,291	54,800
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities				
Net changes in assets relating to operating activities				
Financial assets held for trading		348	11,430	( 59,439 )
Notes receivable		( 34,418 )	( 1,129,790 )	( 435,439 )
Accounts receivable		39,001	1,280,226	( 2,731,916 )
Accounts receivable - related parties		( 2,888 )	( 94,821 )	481,531
Other receivables		3,438	112,860	( 56,029 )
Other receivables - related parties		62	2,067	114,063
Inventories		17,831	585,318	( 3,530,146 )
Prepayments		34,567	1,134,686	( 499,479 )
Other current assets		( 13,616 )	( 446,967 )	( 27,820 )
Other non-current assets		( 1,324 )	( 43,463 )	( 113,808 )
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities				
Notes payable		-	-	( 808 )
Accounts payable		( 9,609 )	( 315,445 )	874,379
Accounts payable - related parties		( 8,708 )	( 285,841 )	56,643
Other payables		61,897	2,031,795	1,666,867
Other current liabilities		( 36,326 )	( 1,192,406 )	1,081,930
Other non-current liabilities		( 10,350 )	( 339,746 )	90,094
Cash generated from operations		1,021,646	33,535,682	29,503,784
Interest received		20,023	657,269	949,336
Dividends received		27,589	905,633	799,053
Interest paid		( 14,577 )	( 478,520 )	( 162,395 )
Income taxes paid		( 108,483 )	( 3,560,959 )	( 3,254,540 )
Net cash provided by operating activities		946,198	31,059,105	27,835,238

(Continued)

**DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)**  
**FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014**  
**(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)**

		US Dollars	New Taiwan Dollars
	Notes	2015	2015      2014
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, designated upon initial recognition		( \$      2,879 )	( \$      94,512 ) ( \$      28,844 )
Acquisition of available-for-sale financial assets		(      44,767 )	(    1,469,484 ) (    1,654,042 )
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets		24,995	820,473      1,020,122
Proceeds from capital reduction of available-for-sale financial assets		1,526	50,101      18,112
Acquisition of financial assets at cost		(      1,129 )	(      37,075 ) (    342,878 )
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at cost		2,084	68,426      -
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets carried at cost		16	540      306
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method		(      31,686 )	(    1,040,118 ) (    111,948 )
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for under the equity method		-	-      104,144
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries and assets of other companies (net of cash acquired)	6(33)	(      422,153 )	(    13,857,180 ) (    2,646,215 )
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(10)	(      242,914 )	(      7,973,678 ) (    5,531,856 )
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		4,652	152,717      177,119
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(12)	(      8,491 )	(      228,482 ) (    179,713 )
Increase in other financial assets		(      6,222 )	(      204,251 ) (    106,993 )
Decrease in other non-current assets		8,460	277,706      92,972
Net cash used in investing activities		(    718,508 )	(    23,585,057 ) (    9,410,618 )
<b><u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u></b>			
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings		(      28,901 )	(      948,698 )      1,239,576
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		14,430	473,669      26,423,380
Repayment of long-term borrowings		(    696,077 )	(    22,848,731 ) (    18,800,236 )
Change in non-controlling interests		(      91,337 )	(      2,998,146 ) (    2,182,681 )
Cash dividends paid		(    497,533 )	(    16,331,528 ) (    14,137,739 )
Proceeds from issuance of shares		731,150	24,000,000      -
Acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries		(    365,523 )	(    11,998,300 )      -
Net cash used in financing activities		(    933,791 )	(    30,651,734 ) (    7,457,700 )
Effects due to changes in exchange rate		29,563	970,321      3,469,028
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(      676,538 )	(    22,207,365 )      14,435,948
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,237,922	73,459,818      59,023,870
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$    1,561,384	\$    51,252,453      \$    73,459,818

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.  
See report of independent accountants dated March 10, 2016.

### **Audit Committee's Review Report**

To: The 2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of Delta Electronics, Inc.

We, the Audit Committee of the Company have reviewed the business report, financial statements, consolidated financial statements and proposal for earnings distribution of the Company for the year 2015 in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and found the same have been complied with. We hereby report to the shareholders as described above in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act.

The Audit Committee of Delta Electronics, Inc.

Independent Director: Yung-Chin Chen

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Yung Chin Chen" in a cursive script.

Date: March 10, 2016

## **Appendix 5**

### **ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF DELTA ELECTRONICS, INC. (Translation)**

#### **Section I - General Provisions**

##### **Article 1**

The Company is incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Company Law of the Republic of China, and its name is "Delta Electronics, Inc."

##### **Article 2**

The Company is engaged in the following businesses:

1. A101020 Food Crops;
2. A101030 Special Crops;
3. A102020 Agricultural Products Preparations;
4. A102080 Horticulture;
5. A199990 Other Agriculture;
6. C801010 Basic chemical industry business;
7. C801990 Other chemical material manufacturing business;
8. C802120 Industrial Catalyst Manufacturing;
9. CA02990 Other Fabricated Metal Products  
Manufacturing Not Elsewhere Classified;
10. CA04010 Metal Surface Treating;
11. CB01010 Machinery equipment manufacturing business;
12. CB01071 Frozen and Air-conditioning manufacturing business;
13. CB01990 Other machinery manufacturing business;
14. CC01010 Electronic power generating, Electric transmission and power distributing  
machinery manufacturing business;
15. CC01030 Electric appliance and audiovisual electric products manufacturing  
business;
16. CC01040 Lighting equipment manufacturing business;
17. CC01060 Wire communication equipment and apparatus manufacturing business;
18. CC01070 Wireless communication devices and equipment manufacturing business;
19. CC01080 Electronic parts and components manufacturing business;
20. CC01090 Batteries manufacturing business;
21. CC01101 Restrained telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials  
manufacturing;
22. CC01110 Computers and its peripheral equipment manufacturing business;
23. CC01120 Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating;

24. CC01990 Other electrical and electronic machinery and materials manufacturing business;
25. CD01010 Ship and parts manufacturing business;
26. CD01020 Tramway Cars manufacturing business;
27. CD01030 Automobiles and auto-parts manufacturing business;
28. CD01040 Motorcycles and motorcycle parts manufacturing business;
29. CD01050 Bicycles and bicycle parts manufacturing business;
30. CD01060 Aircraft and parts manufacturing business;
31. CD01990 Other transportation equipment and parts manufacturing business;
32. CE01010 General equipment and instruments manufacturing business;
33. CE01021 measuring instruments manufacturing business;
34. CE01030 Photographic and Optical Equipment Manufacturing business;
35. CE01040 Clocks and Watches manufacturing business;
36. CE01990 Other photographic and optical equipment manufacturing business;
37. CF01011 Medical appliances and equipment business;
38. E501011 Water pipe construction;
39. E599010 Pipe lines construction business;
40. E601010 Electric appliance installation business;
41. E601020 Electric appliance construction business;
42. E602011 Frozen and Air-conditioning Engineering;
43. E603010 Cables construction;
44. E603040 Fire fighting equipments installation business;
45. E603050 Automation control equipment manufacturing business;
46. E603090 Illumination equipments installation business;
47. E604010 Machinery installation business;
48. E605010 Computer equipment installation business;
49. E7010030 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials installation business;
50. EZ05010 Apparatus installation and construction business;
51. EZ14010 Sports Ground Equipments Construction;
52. F101081 Wholesale of Seedling;
53. F101130 Wholesale of vegetable and fruits;
54. F106040 Water containers wholesale business;
55. F108031 Drugs and medical goods wholesale business;
56. F109070 Wholesale of Stationery Articles, Musical Instruments and Educational Entertainment Articles;
57. F113010 Machinery wholesale business;
58. F113020 Electrical appliances wholesale business;
59. F113030 Wholesale of Precision Instruments;
60. F113050 Computer and office appliances and equipment wholesale business;
61. F113070 Telecommunication equipment wholesale business;
62. F113110 Wholesale of Batteries;
63. F118010 Computer software wholesale business;

64. F119010 Electronic components and materials wholesale business;
65. F199990 Other wholesale business;
66. F201010 Retail Sale of Agricultural Products;
67. F201990 Retail Sale of Other Agricultural, Husbandry and Aquatic Products;
68. F208031 Medical equipment retail business;
69. F209060 Education, musical instruments and entertainment articles retail business;
70. F213010 Electrical appliances retail business;
71. F213030 Computer and office appliances and equipment retail business;
72. F213060 Telecommunication equipment retail business;
73. F213110 Retail sale of batteries;
74. F217010 Retail sale of fire fighting equipments;
75. F218010 Computer software retail business;
76. F219010 Electronic components and materials retail business;
77. F399040 Non-store retail business;
78. F401010 International trade business;
79. F401021 Restricted telecommunication radio frequency equipment and materials import business;
80. F401181 Measuring instrument importing business;
81. F601010 Intellectual property business;
82. G801010 Warehousing and storage business;
83. I101061 Engineering Consultancy;
84. I101070 Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Animal Husbandry Consultancy;
85. I103060 Management consulting services business;
86. I199990 Other Consultancy
87. I301010 Software design and service business;
88. I301020 Data processing services business;
89. I301030 Digital information supply services business;
90. I401010 General advertising service business;
91. I501010 Product external appearance designing business;
92. I599990 Other design business;
93. IG02010 Research development service business;
94. IG03010 Energy technical services business;
95. IZ03010 Newspaper clipping business;
96. IZ04010 Translation business;
97. IZ10010 Typesetting business;
98. IZ13010 Network authentication service business;
99. IZ99990 Other industry and commerce services not elsewhere classified;
100. J303010 Magazines (journals) publishing business;
101. J304010 Books publishing business;
102. J305010 Audio publishing business;
103. J399010 Software publishing business;
104. J399990 Other publishing business;
105. J701070 Computer Recreational Activities;

- 106. JE01010 Rental and leasing business;
- 107. ZZ99999 All businesses that are not prohibited or restricted by laws and regulations other than those requiring special permits.

### **Article 3**

The Company shall have its head office in Taoyuan County, Taiwan, and may set up branch offices at various locations that the Board of Directors may deem necessary by resolution.

### **Article 4**

The method to make public announcements of the Company shall be subject to Article 28 of the Company Law and regulations stipulated by the competent securities administration authority.

### **Article 4-1**

When necessary for its operations, the Company may provide endorsement and guarantee in accordance with the "Operational Procedures for Providing Endorsement and Guarantee" of the Company.

## **Section II - Capital Stock**

### **Article 5**

The total capital stock of the Company shall be in the amount of NT\$29,000,000,000, divided into 2,900,000,000 shares, at a par value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$10) each, and may be issued in installments subject to the resolution of the Board of Directors. Within the aforementioned capital, NT\$1,000,000,000 divided into 100,000,000 shares shall be reserved for issuing warrants, preferred shares with warrants or corporate bonds with warrants.

In the event that the Company intends to issue employee warrants whose exercise price is lower than the closing price of the Company stocks as of the issue date, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted if voted in favor by two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.

In the event that the Company intends to transfer to employees the bought-back shares at the price lower than the actual average buying-back price, a resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted prior to such transfer if voted in favor by two-thirds of the votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.



**Article 5-1**

The aggregate amount of the Company's investment in other entities is not subject to the restriction stipulated in Article 13 of the Company Law.

**Article 5-2**

Deleted

**Article 6**

The shares of the Company may be made without physical certificates. Nevertheless, the stock of the Company shall be registered with the securities centralized depository institution.

**Article 6-1**

Deleted

**Article 7**

Unless otherwise provided for in applicable laws, regulations and rulings stipulated by the competent securities authority, the Company shall handle its stock affairs for shareholders in accordance with the Company Law and the Regulations Governing Handling of Stock Affairs by Public Companies.

**Article 8**

Deleted

**Article 9**

Deleted

## **Article 10**

Deleted

## **Article 11**

Registration for stock transfer shall be suspended for sixty days before any general shareholders' meeting, thirty days before any special shareholders' meeting, and five days before a record date on which dividends, bonuses or any other interests are scheduled for distribution by the Company.

### **Section III - Stockholders' Meeting**

## **Article 12**

Shareholders' meetings shall be of two types: general meetings and special meetings. General shareholders' meetings shall be convened within six months after the end of each fiscal year. Special meetings shall be convened according to laws when necessary.

## **Article 13**

In case a shareholder is unable to attend a shareholders' meeting, the shareholder may issue a proxy form to appoint a proxy on his/her behalf to attend such meeting in accordance with Article 177 of the Company Law.

### **Article 13-1**

Where the Company convenes the shareholders' meeting, the shareholders could exercise their voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission. A shareholder who exercise his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person, but shall be deemed to have waived his voting right in respect of any extemporaneous motions and amendments to the original proposals at the shareholders' meeting. The declaration of intention by a shareholder shall be handled according to Article 177-2 of the Company Law.

## **Article 14**

A shareholders' meeting shall be presided over by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. In case of his absence, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall designate one director to act on his/her behalf. In the absence of such designation, the directors shall elect one from among themselves as the chairman of the meeting.

#### **Article 15**

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held by him/her; except those shares for which the voting rights are restricted or excluded as stipulated in Article 179 of the Company Law.

#### **Article 16**

Unless otherwise provided for in the Company Law, any resolution at a shareholders' meeting shall be adopted if voted in favor by the majority of votes at a shareholders' meeting at which shareholders of more than one-half of the total issued and outstanding shares are present.

#### **Article 17**

Resolutions adopted at a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the minutes and signed or sealed by the chairman of the meeting, which shall be distributed to each shareholder within twenty (20) days after the meeting. The minutes shall record the key contents and the results of the meeting. The minutes, the sign-in book of attending shareholders and proxy forms shall be kept in the Company. The distribution of meeting minutes may be effected by means of a public announcement.

The preservation period for the minutes, sign-in book of attending shareholders, and proxy forms shall be subject to the Company Law.

### **Section IV - Directors**

#### **Article 18**

The Company shall have at least five but no more than thirteen directors to be elected at the shareholders' meeting by the shareholders from any person with legal capacity in accordance with the Company Law. The term of office for directors shall be three years. All of the directors are eligible for re-election.

To conform to the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company shall have, among the

aforementioned directors, at least three independent directors, and the number of independent directors shall be no less than one-fifth of the total number of the directors. The directors (including independent directors) shall be elected from among the nominees listed in the roster of director candidates pursuant to the candidates nomination system in Article 192-1 of the Company Law. Compliance matters with respect to independent directors shall be subject to the regulations prescribed by the Company Law and the securities authority.

The aggregate number of the registered shares held by all directors shall be subject to the regulations, if any stipulated by the competent securities authority.

Remuneration for directors of the Company shall be evaluated by the compensation committee according to their respective participation in operation and value of contribution, and the board of directors is authorized to determine their remuneration according to the evaluation made by the compensation committee and general standard in the same industries.

The Company may purchase liability insurance for its directors .

#### **Article 18-1**

The Company shall establish an Audit Committee according to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the Audit Committee shall have such powers and duties of supervisors as provided in the Company Law, the Securities and Exchange Act, and other laws and regulations.

#### **Article 19**

When one-third of the directors have vacated their offices, a shareholders' meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors within sixty days to elect new directors to fill the vacancies. The term of office of the newly elected director shall be the same as the remaining term of the predecessor.

#### **Article 20**

Deleted.

#### **Article 21**

The Board of Directors shall be formed by directors. The directors shall elect from among themselves the Chairman of the Board of Directors by a majority of votes cast by the directors present at the meeting attended by at least two-thirds of the directors, and such method may apply to the election of Vice Chairman. The Chairman and Vice Chairman shall conduct the business of the Company in accordance with applicable laws and

regulations, these Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the resolutions adopted at shareholders' meetings and the resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors.

#### **Article 21-1**

The Company may set up various functional committees under the Board of Directors. Each functional committee shall stipulate the operating rules for its functioning and such operating rules shall only take effect after the approval of the Board of Directors.

#### **Article 22**

Business policy of the Company and other important matters shall be decided by resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors. Any meeting of Board of Directors shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board of Directors who shall also be the chairman of the meeting, provided that the first meeting of each term of the Board of Directors shall be convened in accordance with Article 203 of the Company Law. In case the Chairman of the Board of Directors is on leave or cannot exercise his powers, he may designate a proxy in accordance with Article 208 of the Company Law.

#### **Article 22-1**

The notice of meeting of Board of Directors shall be made in accordance with Article 204 of the Company Act, and may be made in writing, or by email, facsimile, etc.

#### **Article 23**

Unless otherwise provided in the Company Law, a meeting of the Board of Directors at which a resolution is adopted shall be attended by a majority of the directors and a majority of those present shall vote in favor of such a resolution. If a director cannot attend a meeting of Board of Directors, he shall appoint another director as proxy to attend the meeting and shall execute a power of attorney for the proxy. The power of attorney shall specify the scope and limitation of authority or powers in respect to the business to be transacted at the meeting. The proxy may accept the appointment of one director only. If a meeting of the Board of Directors is held by way of a videoconference, the director who attends the meeting in such manner shall be deemed as present in person.

#### **Article 24**

Resolutions adopted at the meeting of the Board of Directors shall be recorded in the minutes and signed or sealed by the chairman of the meeting and the recorder. The minutes shall be distributed to each director within twenty (20) days after the meeting. The minutes shall be classified as important files of this Company and shall be well preserved during the existence of the Company. The required items of the minutes shall be subject to the Company Law and the Regulations Governing Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings of Public Companies.

The production and distribution of the meeting minutes may be made in the electronic form.

## **Article 25**

Deleted.

## **Section V - Officers and Staffers**

## **Article 26**

The Company may appoint officers. The appointment and discharge of the officers shall be approved by a majority in a meeting of the Board of Directors attended by a majority of the directors.

## **Article 27**

Deleted

## **Article 28**

Deleted

## **Section VI - Finalization of Accounts**

## **Article 29**

The fiscal year of the Company shall be from January 1 to December 31 of each year. After the end of each fiscal year, the following reports shall be prepared by the Board of Directors, which deliver the same to the Audit Committee for audit thirty days before the convention of the general shareholders' meeting, and such documents, as well as the audit report made by the Audit Committee, shall be submitted to the general shareholders' meeting for acceptance:

1. Business Report;
2. Financial Statements; and
3. Proposal concerning allocation of earnings or making up losses.

## **Article 30**

The Company shall allocate the earnings for each fiscal year in the following order:

1. Paying tax;
2. Making up losses for preceding years;
3. Setting aside a legal reserve at 10% of the earnings unless the accumulated amount of the

- legal reserve has reached the total authorized capital of the Company;
4. Setting aside or reversing a special reserve according to relevant regulations when necessary;
  5. The balance after the abovementioned payments are made (i.e., the earnings in the fiscal year concerned available for distribution) shall be allocated in the following order:
    - (1) no more than 1% as the remuneration for directors;
    - (2) at least 3% as the employee bonuses; when bonuses are distributed in the form of stock, persons eligible for such distribution shall include employees of the Company's subsidiaries who meet certain qualifications. The Board of Directors, or persons authorized by the Board of Directors, shall stipulate relevant regulations for distribution of employee bonuses; and
    - (3) the shareholders' dividends: the balance after deducting the preceding two items, together with the retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year concerned shall be the cumulative earnings available for distribution; as the Company is at a stage of stable growth, and considering the benefits of shareholders, stability of financial condition and business development, the amount of dividends distributed to shareholders shall be no less than 60% of the distributable earnings of the year concerned and no less than 15% of the shareholder's dividends shall be in the form of cash.

## **Section VII - Supplementary Provisions**

### **Article 31**

The internal organizational rules and regulations of the Company shall be separately stipulated by the Board of Directors.

### **Article 32**

In regards to all matters not provided for in these Articles of Incorporation, the Company Law and other laws and regulations shall govern.

### **Article 33**

These Articles of Incorporation were enacted on July 28, 1975.  
The first amendment was made on September 25, 1976;  
The second amendment was made on January 10, 1977;  
The third amendment was made on May 31, 1977;  
The fourth amendment was made on May 29, 1978;  
The fifth amendment was made on March 31, 1979;  
The sixth amendment was made on May 28, 1979;

The seventh amendment was made on September 20, 1980;  
The eighth amendment was made on September 9, 1982;  
The ninth amendment was made on April 20, 1983;  
The tenth amendment was made on June 25, 1984;  
The eleventh amendment was made on June 10, 1985;  
The twelfth amendment was made on June 20, 1985;  
The thirteenth amendment was made on July 12, 1985;  
The fourteenth amendment was made on April 18, 1987;  
The fifteenth amendment was made on May 12, 1987;  
The sixteenth amendment was made on November 17, 1987;  
The seventeenth amendment was made on December 11, 1987;  
The eighteenth amendment was made on March 19, 1988;  
The nineteenth amendment was made on May 12, 1988;  
The twentieth amendment was made on July 24, 1988;  
The twenty-first amendment was made on November 25, 1988;  
The twenty-second amendment was made on May 22, 1989;  
The twenty-third amendment was made on May 9, 1990;  
The twenty-fourth amendment was made on May 8, 1991;  
The twenty-fifth amendment was made on May 8, 1992;  
The twenty-sixth amendment was made on May 8, 1993;  
The twenty-seventh amendment was made on May 9, 1994;  
The twenty-eighth amendment was made on May 10, 1995;  
The twenty-ninth amendment was made on June 6, 1996;  
The thirtieth amendment was made on June 3, 1997;  
The thirty-first amendment was made on May 15, 1998;  
The thirty-second amendment was made on May 12, 1999;  
The thirty-third amendment was made on May 18, 2000;  
The thirty-fourth amendment was made on May 16, 2001;  
The thirty-fifth amendment was made on May 16, 2002;  
The thirty-sixth amendment was made on May 6, 2003;  
The thirty-seventh amendment was made on May 18, 2004;  
The thirty-eighth amendment was made on May 19, 2005;  
The thirty-ninth amendment was made on May 18, 2006;  
The fortieth amendment was made on June 8, 2007;  
The forty-first amendment was made on June 13, 2008;  
The forty-second amendment was made on June 10, 2009;  
The forty-third amendment was made on June 15, 2010.  
The forty-fourth amendment was made on June 24, 2011.  
The forty-fifth amendment was made on June 19, 2012.  
The forty-Six amendment was made on June 7, 2013.  
The forty-seventh amendment was made on June 10, 2014.  
The forty-eighth amendment was made on June 10, 2015.



## Appendix 6

### Delta Electronics, Inc. (the "Company") Operating Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets (Translation)

June 23, 1989--passed by the Board of Directors  
September 12, 1991--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
May 29, 1995--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
April 16, 1996--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
November 26, 1999--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
March 8, 2000--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
February 13, 2003--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
April 9, 2003--amendment passed by the Board of Directors  
May 6, 2003--amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting  
May 18, 2004--amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting  
June 8, 2007 – amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting  
June 19, 2012 – amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting  
June 10, 2014 – amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting  
June 10, 2015 – amendment passed by the general shareholders' meeting

## Chapter 1 General Principles

### Article 1: Legal Basis

These operating procedures ("Operating Procedures") have been promulgated in accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act and the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("Competent Authority").

### Article 2: Promulgation and Amendment of the Operating Procedures

The Operating Procedures of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets of the Company shall be approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members and then for discussion and consent by the Board of Directors and be further submitted to the shareholders' meeting for approval. The same procedure shall apply to any amendment to the Operating Procedures. If the Operating Procedures have not been approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members, the Operating Procedures may be undertaken upon the consent of two-thirds or more of all directors, and the resolution of the audit committee shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors.

"All Audit Committee members" and "all directors" in the preceding paragraph referred to in these Operating Procedures shall mean the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.

When the Operating Procedures are submitted for discussion in the meeting of Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration of each independent director's opinion. If an independent director objects or expresses reservation about any matter, it shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors.

### **Article 3: Definition of Terms**

1. Derivatives: refers to forward contracts, options contracts, futures contracts, leverage contracts, swap contracts, and compound contracts comprising combinations of the foregoing products, whose value is derived from assets, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, indexes or other interests. The term "forward contracts" does not include insurance contracts, performance contracts, after-sales service contracts, long-term leasing contracts, or long-term purchase (sales) agreements.
2. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers or consolidations, splits, acquisitions, or assignment of shares in accordance with applicable laws: refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, splits, or acquisitions conducted in accordance with the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institutions Merger Act or other applicable laws, or issuance of new shares and by use of the share equity so raised as the consideration payable for acquisition of another company's shares (the "assignment of shares") in accordance with Paragraph 8, Article 156 of the Company Law.
3. Related party and subsidiaries: as defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.
4. Professional appraiser: refers to a real estate appraiser or other person authorized by applicable laws to engage in the appraisal of real estate or equipment.
5. Date of occurrence: refers to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of completion of trading, date of transfer registration, date of board of directors resolution, or other date confirming the counterpart and amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier. However, in the case of investments for which approval of the competent authority is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.
6. Mainland China area investment: refers to investments in Mainland China area approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs or conducted in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Approval of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China.
7. As used in the Operating Procedures, "within one year" refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition or disposal of assets; however, items duly announced in accordance with the Operating Procedures will be disregarded.
8. As used in the Operating Procedures, "latest financial statement" refers to the financial statement published and audited or reviewed by the Company's auditing CPA in accordance with applicable laws prior to the acquisition or disposal of assets.
9. As used in the Operating Procedures, "10% of the Company's total assets" is calculated based on the total assets as stated in the most recent stand-alone or individual financial statement prepared under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

## **Chapter 2     Scope of Assets and Investment Limits**

### **Article 4: Scope of assets applicable to the Operating Porcedures**

1. Securities: including long- term and short-term investments such as stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial debentures, securities representing interest in a fund, deposit receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficiary certificates and asset-backed securities.
2. Real estate (including land, buildings and construction, investment real estate and rights to use land) and equipment.
3. Membership certificates.
4. Intangible assets: including patents, copyrights, trademarks, and franchises, etc.
5. Claims against financial institutions (including receivables, loans and bills purchase discounts, and overdue receivables).
6. Derivatives.
7. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers or consolidations, splits, acquisitions, or assignment of shares in accordance with applicable laws.
8. Other important assets.

**Article 5:** The total value of real property or securities purchased by the Company and its subsidiaries ("Subsidiaries") for non-operating use and limit on investment in each specific security are as follows:

1. The total value of real property purchased by the Company for non-operating use may not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. The total value of real property purchased by a Subsidiary for non-operating use may not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
2. The total value of securities invested by the Company may not exceed 100% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. The total value of securities invested by a Subsidiary may not exceed 60% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
3. The investment in a specific security by the Company may not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement. The investment in a specific security by a Subsidiary may not exceed 30% of the Company's net worth as stated in its financial statement.

### **Chapter 3      Evaluation and Operating Process**

**Article 6:** When assets are acquired or disposed in accordance with the Operating Procedures, the execution department shall evaluate the terms and conditions of the transaction according to the Company's internal operating procedures in advance and then submit it for approval by the authorized person according to the authorized limit table approved by the Board of Directors. If the amount of the assets to be acquired or disposed exceeds the amount as set forth in the authorized limit table, the transaction may be implemented only after approved by the Board of Directors.

The execution departments referred to in the foregoing paragraph are as follows:

1. For long-term and short-term securities: the Investment Department and the Finance Department.
2. For real property and equipment: the Department which uses such assets and the Finance Department.
3. For membership certificate: the Finance Department.
4. For intangible assets: each business unit, Legal and Intellectual Property Department or other competent department concerned.
5. For claims against financial institutions: the Finance Department.
6. For derivatives: the Finance Department.
7. For assets acquired or disposed through mergers or consolidations, splits, acquisitions, or assignment of shares in accordance with applicable laws: the Investment Department.
8. For other important assets: the Department which uses such assets.

**Article 7:** When the Company should appoint a professional appraiser, accountant, lawyer, or underwriter to assist in appraisal work and obtain an expert opinion in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by the Competent Authority, the professional appraiser and its appraisal personnel, the accountant, lawyer, or underwriter so appointed shall not be a related party to the parties in the proposed transaction.

**Article 8:** When the Company acquires or disposes of assets through court auction procedures, the relevant evidence documentation issued by the court may be used as substitute for the appraisal report or the accountant opinion.

**Article 9:** If any acquisition or disposal of assets should be approved by the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors, or the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by the Competent Authority or

other applicable laws, paragraph 1 of Article 6 of the Operating Procedures shall not apply to such acquisition or disposal of assets. In this case, the execution department shall evaluate the terms and conditions of the transaction according to the Company's internal operating procedures in advance, and then approved by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members and submit it for approval by the Board of Directors, or approval by the shareholders' meeting.

When the Operating Procedures are submitted for discussion in the meeting of Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration of each independent director's opinion. If an independent director objects or expresses reservation about any matter, it shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors.

#### **Chapter 4      Guidelines for the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets and Operating Procedures**

**Article 10:** When acquiring or disposing of securities, the Company shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, first obtain the latest audited or reviewed financial statement of the issue company for reference in appraising the transaction price. If the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, appoint an accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the accountant needs to use an expert's report, the accountant shall do so in accordance with the provisions of the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation (the "ARDF"). This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Competent Authority.

**Article 10-1:** Where the total amount invested by a Subsidiary in securities after making a proposed investment will exceed 10% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance. Where the transaction amount of a proposed investment in a specific security by a Subsidiary exceeds 5% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance.

**Article 11:** The Company shall comply with the following guidelines with regard to the acquisition or disposal of real property and other fixed assets:  
When acquiring or disposing real property or equipment, if the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except for transacting with a governmental agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on leased land, or acquiring equipment for operating use, the Company shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions:

1. Where due to special circumstances a limited price, specific price or specified price should be used as reference price in determining the transaction price, such transaction shall be submitted for approval by the Board of Directors in advance, and the same procedures shall apply for any future changes to the terms and conditions of such transaction.
2. If the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, the Company shall obtain appraisal reports from at least two professional appraisers
3. If the professional appraiser's appraisal results revealed any of the following circumstances, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, the Company shall appoint an accountant to conduct the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of General Auditing Procedures No. 20 published by the ARDF and render a specific opinion regarding the cause of the differences and the reasonableness of the transaction price:
  - (1) Where the difference between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20% or more of the transaction amount.
  - (2) Where the difference between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10% or more of the transaction amount.
4. The period from the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser to the execution date of the relevant sale and purchase agreement should be no more than three months. However, where the publicly announced current land value for the same period is used and not more than six months have elapsed from the original appraisal report, an opinion may still be issued by the same professional appraiser.
5. Items which should be included in an appraisal report are:
  - (1) Items required in accordance with Regulations on Real Estate Appraisal.
  - (2) Matters regarding the professional appraiser and its appraisal personnel:
    - a. The professional appraiser's name, amount of paid-in capital, organizational structure, and personnel composition.
    - b. The names, ages, academic records and curriculum vitae (with relevant evidences), number of years performing appraisal work and employment period, and number of appraisals conducted of the appraisal personnel.
    - c. Relationship between professional appraiser, appraisal personnel, and the client.
    - d. Declaration of no false statement or omission being

contained in the appraisal report.

e. Date of appraisal report.

- (3) Basic information of the subject property, which shall at least include the name and nature, location, and area of the subject property.
- (4) Examples of transactions involving other properties that are located within the area as the subject property.
- (5) When the appraisal type is for a specific price or specified price, the conditions of the specific or specified price and whether said conditions are met under current circumstances, the reason for the difference between the normal prices and such specific or specified price and the reasonableness of such difference, and whether the specific price or specified price is qualified to be used as reference for the transaction price.
- (6) In terms of a joint development contract, the reasonable allocation percentage between the parties should be provided.
- (7) An estimate of land value incremental tax.
- (8) In case that appraised value of the subject property at the same appraisal date among appraisers differs and the difference is twenty percent or more, whether measures provided in Article 41 of the Real Estate Appraiser Act has been taken.
- (9) Attachments to the appraisal report shall include the appraisal details of the subject property, ownership registration information, photocopy of cadastral map, urban planning sketch, location map of the subject property, certificate of land use zoning, and photographs showing current condition of the subject property.

**Article 11-1:** Where the total amount invested by a Subsidiary in real property for non-operating use after making a proposed investment will exceed 10% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance. Where the transaction amount of a proposed investment by a Subsidiary in a specific real property for non-operating use exceeds 1% of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement, the proposed investment shall be approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors by resolution in advance.

**Article 12:** Procedures governing transactions with a related party are as follows:

1. When the Company acquires or disposes of assets from or to a related party, in addition to complying with the requirements set forth in Article 10,

Article 11 and Article 13 and following required resolution procedures and assessing the reasonableness of the transaction terms and other relevant matters in accordance with the following provisions, if the transaction amount reaches 10% of the Company's total assets, the Company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or an accountant's opinion in accordance with Article 10, Article 11 and Article 13.

The aforementioned calculation of the transaction amount shall be made in accordance with Article 13-1 hereof. Furthermore, when determining whether the transaction counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the Company shall take into consideration of the substance of the relationship between the transaction parties.

2. Appraisal and operating procedures:

Where the Company acquires or disposes of real property from or to a related party, or acquires or disposes of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital, 10% of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million, except for trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds, the Company may proceed to enter into a transaction contract and make only after submitting the following information to the Audit Committee and obtaining approval by one-half or more of all Audit Committee members and, after submitting the same to the Board of Directors, obtaining approval from the Board of Directors, and paragraphs 2 and 3 of Article 2 shall apply *mutatis mutandis*:

- (1) The purpose, necessity and estimated benefits of the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- (2) The reason for choosing the related party as the transaction counterparty.
- (3) With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with the provisions of items (1) and (4), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12.
- (4) The date and price at which the related party originally acquired the real property, the original transaction counterparty, and that transaction counterparty's relationship to the Company and the related party.
- (5) Monthly cashflow forecasts for the year beginning from the anticipated month of execution of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness of the use of funds.
- (6) An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or an accountant's opinion obtained in accordance with this Article.



- (7) Restrictive covenants and other important terms in connection with the transaction.

The aforementioned calculation of the transaction amount shall be made in accordance with Subparagraph 5 of Paragraph 1 of Article 17 hereof, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been submitted to and approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with these Operating Procedures need not be counted toward the said transaction amount.

With respect to the acquisition or disposal of machinery and equipment for business use between the Company and its subsidiaries, the Board of Directors hereby authorizes the Chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within NT\$300 million and subsequently submit the aforesaid decision to the next meeting of the Board of Directors for ratification.

When the items listed in subparagraph 2 of this Article 12 are submitted for discussion in the meeting of Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration of each independent director's opinion. If an independent director objects or expresses reservation about any matter, it shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors.

3. Assessment of reasonableness of transaction cost:

- (1) The Company shall use the following methods to assess the reasonableness of the transaction cost when acquiring real property from a related party:

- a. Based upon the related party's transaction price plus necessary interest on funding and the costs payable by the buyer in accordance with applicable law. "Necessary interest on funding" refers to and is calculated by use of the weighted average interest rate on funds borrowed by the Company in the year when the Company plans to purchase the property as the basis. However, such necessary interest on funding may not be higher than the maximum non-financial industry lending rate announced by the Ministry of Finance.
- b. Based upon the total appraisal value from a financial institution if the related party has previously taken a mortgage on the property as security for a loan; provided that the actual cumulative amount lent by the financial institution shall be 70% or more of the financial institution's appraisal value for the property and the loan shall have been disbursed and outstanding for one year or more. However, this method shall not apply if the financial institution is a related party of one of the transaction counterparties.

- (2) Where the land and the building situated thereupon are combined

as a single property purchased in one transaction, the transaction costs for the land and the building may be separately appraised in accordance with either of the methods set forth in the preceding paragraph.

- (3) When the Company acquires real property from a related party, it shall appraise the cost of the real property in accordance with the provisions of items (1) and (2), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12, and shall also engage an accountant to review the appraisal result and issue a specific opinion regarding appraisal result.
- (4) Where the Company acquires real property from a related party and the results of appraisal performed in accordance with the provisions of items (1) and (2), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12 are both lower than the transaction price, the transaction shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Item (5), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12. However, if any of the following circumstances occur and where any objective evidence has been provided and specific opinions on reasonableness of the transaction price have been obtained from a professional appraiser and an accountant have been obtained, the preceding paragraph shall not apply:
  - a. When the related party has acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:
    - i. The undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the foregoing methods, and the building is appraised according to the related party's construction cost plus reasonable construction profit, and the total appraised value of the land and the building is in excess of the actual transaction price. "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the average gross operating profit margin of the related party's construction division over the most recent three years or the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the most recent period as announced by the Ministry of Finance, whichever is lower.
    - ii. Concluded transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same target property or properties located in the neighboring area, of which the property size and transaction terms are similar to the proposed transaction after taking into consideration of reasonable price differences in floor or area prices in accordance with standard real property market practices.

- iii. Concluded leasing transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year for other floors of the same target property, of which the transaction terms are similar to the proposed transaction after taking into consideration of reasonable price differences in floor according to standard real property leasing market practices.
  - b. Where the Company provides evidences that the terms of the proposed acquisition of real property with the related party are similar to the terms of transactions concluded for the acquisition of property located in neighboring area of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year. Concluded transactions for the acquisition of property located in neighboring area in the preceding paragraph in principle refers to property located at the same or an adjacent block of the target property and within a distance of no more than 500 meters or the publicly announced current value of the property is close to that of the target property; transaction of similar size refers to transactions concluded by unrelated parties with a land area of no less than 50% of the target property; within one year refers to one year preceding the date of occurrence of the proposed acquisition of the target property.
- (5) When the Company acquires real property from a related party and the results of appraisal performed in accordance with the provisions of items (1) and (2), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12 are both lower than the transaction price, the Company shall comply with the following provisions. In addition, if the Company and any public company that invests in the Company using the equity method have allocated a special reserve in accordance with the following provisions, the Company and the public company may not utilize such special reserve until it has recognized loss due to price decline for such real property, or such property has been disposed of, or adequate compensation has been made, or the original condition has been restored, or there is other evidence confirming that it is not unreasonable to do so, and approval in connection therewith from the Competent Authority shall have been obtained.
- a. The Company shall allocate the difference between the real property transaction price and the estimate cost as a special reserve in accordance with Paragraph 1, Article 41 of the Securities and Exchange Act, and shall not be distribute this reserve or use it for capitalization and issuance of new shares. If an investor that has investment

in the Company by using the equity method is a public company, it shall also allocate special reserve in an amount in proportion to its shareholding in the Company according to paragraph 1, Article 41 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

- b. The Audit Committee of the Company shall comply with Article 218 of the Company Law.
- c. The Company shall report matters handled under the foregoing items (1) and (2) to the shareholders' meeting and shall disclose the details of the transaction in its annual report and prospectus.

(6) When the Company acquires real property from a related party and any of the following circumstances occur, it shall implement the transaction in accordance with the appraisal and operating procedures in subparagraphs 1 and 2 of this Article 12, and items (1), (2), and (3), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12 regarding the assessment of the reasonableness of transaction cost are not applicable:

- a. The related party acquired the real property through inheritance or as a gift.
- b. More than five years will have elapsed from the time the related party signed the contract to obtain the real property to the execution date of the proposed transaction.
- c. The real property is to be acquired through signing of a joint development contract with the related party or through engaging the related party to build real property, either on the Company's own land or on a leased land.

(7) When the Company acquires real property from a related party and there is other evidence indicating that such acquisition does not conform to conventional business practice, the Company shall act in accordance with item (5), subparagraph 3 of this Article 12.

**Article 13:** The Company shall comply with the following guidelines with regard to the acquisition or disposal of membership certificates or intangible assets: When the Company acquires or disposes of membership certificates or intangible assets and the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except for transacting with a government agency, the Company shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, appoint an accountant to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price. The accountant so appointed shall act in accordance with Statement of General Auditing Procedures No. 20 published by the ARDF accordingly.

**Article 13-1:** The calculation of the transaction amount referred to in Articles 10, 10-1, 11, 11-1 and 13 shall be made in accordance with Subparagraph 5 of Paragraph 1 of Article 17 hereof, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items for which an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or an accountant's opinion is obtained in accordance with these Operating Procedures need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

**Article 14:** The Company shall comply with the following guidelines with regard to the acquisition or disposal of claims against financial institutions: The Company shall not engage in the acquisition or disposal of claims against financial institutions. If the Company wishes to acquire or dispose of claims against financial institutions in the future, it shall promulgate assessment and operating procedures after obtaining approval by the Board of Director.

**Article 15:** Procedures governing derivatives trading activities are as follows:

1. Trading principles and strategies:

(1) Types of trades:

The scope of the Company's derivatives trading shall be limited to forward foreign exchange, options, interest rate or exchange rate swaps, outright bond purchase and sale, and repurchase transactions. Prior approval of the Board of Directors is required for trading of other types of products.

(2) Operating and hedging strategies:

The Company shall engage in derivatives trading for the purpose of mitigating risks. When selecting derivatives products, the Company shall choose from the products with a view to mitigate the risks arising from the Company's business operating. In addition, to avoid creating credit risk, the Company shall choose derivatives trading counterparties from the Company's correspondent banks to the extent possible.

(3) Delegation of powers and duties:

a. Funds management: Funds management is the pivot of the foreign exchange management system; it is necessary to acquire foreign exchange mark information, assess trends and risks, have knowledge of financial products, be familiar with relevant laws and regulations and have relevant skills in order to provide the management, sales, purchasing, accounting, and funds management departments with sufficient and up-to-date information.

b. Accounting Department: Accounting Department is responsible for the control of the Company's overall foreign exchange position and shall accurately calculate realized and future positions for the Company to set account exchange rates and lock in profit and cost,

which may avert the performance of the Company's core business from being influenced by exchange rate fluctuations. Accounting Department needs to rely on the information provided by purchasing and sales departments for the prediction and creation of positions, and a high level of accuracy of such information is essential to the holding of positions.

(4) Trading limits:

- a. Hedging trade limit: The Company shall use the monthly trading-type foreign exchange hedge net position as the hedging limit. Any excess of such limit shall be approved by the Board of Directors in advance.
- b. Special purpose trade limit: Special purpose trading limit shall be confined to capital expenditures, corporate bonds, and long-term investments and the actual amount of such transactions is used as the maximum hedging amount.
- c. Others: The trading limit, stop-loss limit, and authorized limit for other trades which does not belong to the two foregoing categories should be approved by the Board of Directors before execution.

(5) Performance evaluation:

- a. Performance evaluation shall be based on the exchange rate costs on the Company's books and profit/loss from derivatives trading.
- b. The Company has adopted a monthly profit/loss appraisal approach in order to accurately manage and disclose price risks of derivatives trading.

(6) Setting of loss limits:

- a. Hedging trade:
  - i. After a trading position has been established, a stop-loss spot must be set to prevent over-limit losses. The stop-loss spot shall not exceed 10% of the trading contract amount. If the loss amount exceeds 10% of the trading amount, such event shall be immediately reported to CEO and the Board of Directors for discussion of necessary counter measures.
  - ii. The loss amount for each trading contract shall not exceed 10% of the contract amount.
  - iii. After a trading position has been established, a clear stop-loss exchange rate and interest rate shall be set based on 10% of the amount shown on the trade approval sheet. The stop-loss

exchange rate and interest rate shall be recorded in the trade approval sheet and prior approval for the transaction shall be obtained in accordance with the authorized limit table. Market fluctuations must be monitored constantly so long as a position is held; if the exchange rate or interest rate reached the stop-loss spot, stop loss measures must be immediately implemented.

b. Special purpose trade:

Special purpose trade is used to hedge risks for definite purpose, and there must be specific corresponding hedge positions. In principle, a special purpose trade will not be early terminated.

2. Operating procedures:

(1) Authorized limit (including hedging trades and special purpose trades):

In accordance with the Company's growth of sales, change of risk positions, and designated purpose, the authorized limits of the Company are set as follows. Any amendment to the authorized limit shall be handled in accordance with these Operating Procedures.

	Upper limit on single trades	Total daily limit
CEO	US\$40 million	US\$100 million
Chief Officer of Finance Department	US\$20 million	US\$50 million
Officer of Funds Management Department	US\$5 million	US\$15 million

To ensure that the Company's authorization cooperate with the corresponding bank's oversight, the foregoing authorized limits and operating and hedging strategies shall be reported to the relevant corresponding bank. The bank shall be notified of any amendment to the authorized limit and make corrections thereof. In addition to compliance with the existing terms between Company and the bank, the bank shall be requested to continue to control the Company's trading and positions in accordance with the foregoing authorized limit table.

(2) Execution department:

As derivatives trading is characterized by rapid fluctuations, large monetary amounts, frequent trading, and complex calculations, it is necessary to appoint well trained professionals to conduct the trading and management. Thus, all derivatives trading shall be executed by authorized funds management personnel designated by the Chief Officer of the Finance Department.

3. Accounting treatment:

Accounting treatment shall be handled in accordance with the Regulations

## Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

### 4. Internal control system:

#### (1) Risk management measures:

- a. Credit risk considerations: In principle, transaction counterparties are limited to the Company's correspondent banks and those who could provide professional information.
- b. Market risk considerations: The major trading market is to trade in the OTC (over-the-counter) market via banks. The Futures market is not taken into consideration currently.
- c. Liquidity considerations: To ensure liquidity, the bank which the Company transacts with should have sufficient equipment, information, and trading capabilities, and should be able to trade in any market.
- d. Operation considerations: To avoid operation risk, the Company shall observe the authorized limit and operating procedures closely.
- e. Legal risk: To avoid legal risk, all documents to be entered into between the bank and the Company shall be reviewed by the Legal Department and the Finance Department before execution.
- f. Product risk: Internal trading officers and counterparty banks should possess extensive and correct professional knowledge in connection with the trading of financial products. It is required for the counterparty banks to fully disclose risks to the Company so as to avoid losses from incorrect use of financial products.
- g. Cashflow risk: In addition to strictly observe the limits as set forth in the authorized limit table, the trading officers shall pay close attention to the Company's foreign currency cash-flow so as to ensure that there is sufficient cash to pay for F/X settlements.

#### (2) Internal control:

- a. Trading personnel shall not concurrently serve as confirmation and settlement personnel.
- b. Trading personnel shall give trading vouchers or contracts to recording personnel for records.
- c. Recording personnel shall regularly check account balances with correspondent banks or request for bank



statements.

- d. Recording personnel shall check whether the total amount of trades has exceeded the net position of foreign currency assets, liabilities and commitment net positions from time to time.
- e. The Funds Management Department shall assess the profit/loss status based on the final posted daily exchange rates and produce a report thereof at the end of each month. The Funds Management Department shall submit such report to the Chief Officer of the Finance Department and the Company's senior management officers.
- f. Personnel responsible for the risk assessment, monitoring, and control shall be assigned to different departments from the personnel referred to in the foregoing subparagraphs, and shall report to the Board of Directors or senior management officers not responsible for trading or position decisions.

(3) Regular evaluation methods:

- a. The Board of Directors shall authorize senior management personnel to regularly monitor and evaluate whether derivative trades are executed in compliance with the Company's trading procedures, and determine whether the risk exposure is within the acceptable limits. Whenever a market price evaluation report contains any irregularity (such as the position held exceeding the loss limit), the aforementioned personnel shall immediately report to the Board of Directors and take necessary counter measures.
- b. Derivative trading positions held shall be evaluated at least once each week. However, hedging trades executed for the Company's business needs shall be evaluated at least twice each month. Evaluation reports shall be submitted to the Chief Officer of the Finance Department.

(4) Oversight principles for derivative trading by the Board of Directors:

- a. The Board of Directors shall appoint senior management officers to regularly monitor and control the derivatives trading risk. The guidelines for monitoring and control are as follows:
  - i. Periodically evaluate whether the risk management measures currently adopted are appropriate and are conducted in accordance

with these Operating Procedures and derivative trading operating guidelines promulgated by the Company.

- ii. Monitoring trading activities and profit/loss status, whenever irregularities are found, the senior management officers shall take appropriate counter measures and shall immediately report to the Board of Directors.
- b. Periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with the Company's established operational strategy and whether the risk exposure is acceptable to the Company.
- c. When engaging in derivatives trading, the Company shall report to the next Board of Directors meeting after it authorizes relevant personnel to conduct derivatives trading in accordance with the derivative trading operating guidelines promulgated by the Company.
- d. The Company shall establish a memorandum book in which details of the types and amounts of derivatives trading engaged in, Board of Directors approval dates, and the matters required to be carefully evaluated under items 3-2, 4-1 and 4-2, subparagraph 4 of this Article 15, shall be recorded in detail in the memorandum book for inspection.

5. Internal audit system:

- (1) The Company's internal auditor shall periodically review the appropriateness of the internal control system of derivatives trading, conduct a monthly audit of compliance of derivatives trading operating procedures by the execution department, analyze trading cycles, and prepare an audit report accordingly. The internal auditor shall notify the Audit Committee of the Company in writing if any material violation is found.
- (2) The Company's internal auditor shall file the audit report together with the annual internal audit review report for the preceding year with the Competent Authority by the end of February each year. The Company's internal auditor shall also report any improvements of irregularities during the preceding year to the Competent Authority by the end of May each year.

**Article 16:** Procedures governing mergers or consolidations, splits, acquisitions, or assignment of shares are as follows:

- 1. Appraisal and operating procedures:
  - (1) When the Company wishes to conduct a merger or consolidation,

split, acquisition, or assignment of shares, it may engage an accountant, lawyer, and underwriter to jointly review statutory procedures and proposed timetable; the Company shall also form a project execution team to implement the transaction in accordance with statutory procedures. The Company should, prior to convening a meeting of the Board of Directors to decide on the matter, further engage an accountant, lawyer, or underwriter to render opinions regarding the reasonableness of the share swap ratio, acquisition price, or distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and shall submit the same to the Board of Directors for discussion and approval.

- (2) When conducting a merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition, the Company shall prepare a public report to its shareholders, specifying important contractual contents and matters relevant to the merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition prior to the shareholders' meeting. The Company shall attach such public report and the expert opinions referred to in item (1), subparagraph 1 of this Article 16 when sending the notice of shareholders' meeting for shareholders' reference in determining whether to approve the merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition. However, if the convention of shareholders' meeting to approve the merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition is exempted by applicable laws, the notification requirement for sending the notification in the preceding paragraph shall not apply. Moreover, where any one of the companies participating in a merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition fails to convene or obtain a resolution due to lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or restrictions by applicable laws, or the proposal was vetoed by the shareholders' meeting, such company shall immediately publicly announce an explanation of the reason for such failure, follow-up measures to be taken, and the proposed date of the next shareholders' meeting.

2. Other matters to be noted:

- (1) Date of shareholders' meeting or meeting of the Board of Directors: Companies participating in a merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition shall convene their board meetings and shareholders' meetings on the same day to resolve matters relevant to the merger or consolidation, split, or acquisition, unless otherwise provided by applicable laws or there are extraordinary conditions which should be reported to and approved by the Competent Authority in advance. Companies participating in an assignment of shares shall convene their board meetings on the same day, unless otherwise provided by applicable laws or there are extraordinary conditions which should be reported to and approved by the Competent Authority in advance. When participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of another company's shares, the Company shall prepare a full written record of the following information and retain it for five years for reference:

- a. Basic identification data for personnel: including the occupational titles, names, and national ID numbers (or passport numbers in the case of foreign nationals) of all persons involved prior to disclosure of the information in the planning or implementation of any merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of another company's shares.
- b. Dates of material events: including those for signing of any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, engaging of a financial or legal advisor, execution of a contract, and convening of a board of directors meeting.
- c. Important documents and minutes: including merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or plan of assignment of share, any letter of intent or memorandum of understanding, material contracts, and minutes of board of directors meetings.

When participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of another company's shares, the Company shall, within two days commencing from the date of assage of a resolution by the Board of Directors, report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the aforementioned basic identification data for personnel and dates of material events to the Competent Authority for recordation.

Where any of the companies participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of another company's shares is neither listed in the securities exchange nor trading over-the-counter, the Company shall sign an agreement with such company in order to prepare a full written record of the information of basic identification data for personnel, dates of material events and important documents and minutes and retain it for five years for reference and to report (in the prescribed format and via the Internet-based information system) the aforementioned basic identification data for personnel and dates of material events to the Competent Authority for recordation.

- (2) Commitment to confidentiality obligations in advance: Each person participating in or being informed of the plan for merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares shall execute a written undertaking of confidentiality and shall not disclose the contents of the plan prior to public announcement of information in connection with the plan and shall not trade, in their own names or under the name of another person, in any stock or other equity security of any company related to the plan for merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares.
- (3) Principles for setting and amending share swap ratio or acquisition price: When conducting a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares, except for the following

circumstances, the share swap ratio or acquisition price shall not be amended arbitrarily and the circumstances in which the share swap ratio or acquisition price could be amended should be provided in the contract for the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares:

- a. Capital increase by cash, issuance of convertible bonds, free distribution of bonus shares, issuance of corporate bonds with warrants, preferred shares with warrants, stock warrants, and other equity securities.
- b. Any disposal of material assets of the company or other action which may have a material adverse effect on the company's financial condition or business.
- c. A disaster or major technological shift or other event which may affect shareholder's equity or the share price.
- d. An adjustment results from the buy-back of treasury stock by any of the companies participating in the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares.
- e. An increase or decrease in the number of entities or companies participating in the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares.
- f. Other terms and conditions allowing amendments which have been provided in the relevant contract and have been publicly disclosed.

(4) Items to be provided in contract: In addition to those items required under Article 317-1 of the Company Law and Article 22 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, the contract for participation in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares shall provide the following provisions:

- a. Remedy for breach of contract.
- b. Principles for the handling of equity securities previously issued or treasury stock previously bought back by any company that is to be dissolved in a merger or that is spun off.
- c. The amount of treasury stock that could be bought back by participating companies in accordance with applicable laws after the record date of calculation of the share swap ratio, and the handling principles thereof.
- d. Methods for handling changes in the number of participating entities or companies.

- e. Estimated schedule for execution of the plan, and anticipated completion date.
  - f. Scheduled date for convention of shareholders' meeting in accordance with applicable laws in the event that execution of the plan falls behind the estimated schedule and relevant handling procedures.
- (5) Changes in the number of companies participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares: After relevant information has been publicly announced, if any company participating in the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares intends further to carry out a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares with another company, all of the participating companies shall repeat the procedures or legal actions that had originally been completed toward the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares; except that where the number of participating companies is decreased and the participating company's shareholders' meeting has resolved and authorized the Board of Directors to amend the terms, such participating company could be exempted from convening another shareholders' meeting to resolve the matter again.
- (6) Where a company participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares is not a public company, the Company shall sign an agreement with that company, and shall conduct the merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares in accordance with the Board of Directors meeting convention date specified in item (1), the confidentiality obligation in item (2), and the requirements regarding changes in the number of companies participating in a merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares in item (5), subparagraph 2 of this Article 16.

## **Chapter 5      Disclosure of Information and Public Announcement and Reporting Procedures**

**Article 17:** Items to be publicly announced and reported and requirements for public announcement and reporting are as follows:

1. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital, 10% of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million; provided, however, that this paragraph shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds.

2. Merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares.
3. Any losses from derivatives trading which reaches the limits on aggregate losses or losses for individual contracts as set out in the operating procedures promulgated by the Company.
4. Other asset transactions other than those referred to in the preceding three subparagraphs, disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or investment in the Mainland China area, and the transaction amount of which reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more; provided that the public reporting requirement shall not apply to the following circumstances:
  - (1) Trading of government bonds.
  - (2) Where the company is an investment company, the securities trading in foreign securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets.
  - (3) Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds.
  - (4) Where the type of asset acquired or disposed of is equipment and machinery for operational use, and the transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount is less than NT\$500 million.
  - (5) Acquisition or disposal of real property under arrangement of commissioned construction on self-owned or leased land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale and the transaction amount to be invested by the Company is less than NT\$500 million.
5. The transaction amount referred to in the foregoing four subparagraphs shall be calculated as follows; and the term "within one year" refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the proposed transaction; and items which has been duly announced in accordance with applicable regulations may be disregarded for the calculation:
  - (1) The amount of each transaction.
  - (2) The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of assets with the same transaction counterparty within one year.
  - (3) The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of real property in the same development project within one year (the amount for acquisition and the amount for disposal shall be calculated separately).

- (4) The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same security within one year (the amount for acquisition and the amount for disposal shall be calculated separately).

**Article 18:** Deadline for public announcement and reporting:

When acquiring or disposing of assets, if such acquisition or disposal is one of the items that should be publicly announced and reported, and the transaction amount reaches the requirements for public announcement and reporting, the Company shall make the public announcement and reporting on the website designated by the Competent Authority in the format prescribed by the "Regulations Governing Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by the Competent Authority within two days commencing from the date of occurrence of the event.

**Article 19:** Procedures governing public announcement and reporting are as follows:

1. The Company shall make the public announcement and reporting of relevant information on the website designated by the Competent Authority in accordance with the preceding Article 18.
2. The Company shall post information regarding derivative trading activities of the Company and its subsidiaries that are not domestic public companies during the preceding month on the reporting website designated by the Competent Authority in the required format by the tenth day of each month.
3. If any required items publicly announced by the Company in accordance with applicable regulations contain errors or omissions and an correction thereof is necessary, the Company shall make an public announcement and report of such items in their entirety again.
4. When acquisition or disposal of assets, unless otherwise provided in other applicable laws, the Company shall keep all relevant contracts, resolution minutes, memorandum books, appraisal reports, and opinions of accountants, lawyers, or underwriters for at least five years.
5. After the Company has publicly announced and reported a transaction in accordance with applicable regulations, in case any of the following event occurs, it shall report relevant information on the website designated by the Competent Authority within two days commencing from the date of occurrence of the event:
  - (1) Any amendment, termination or discharge of the contracts originally executed in the transaction.
  - (2) The merger or consolidation, split, acquisition, or assignment of shares is not completed by the scheduled completion date set forth in the relevant contract.
  - (3) Change in publicly announced and reported information.



## **Chapter 6      Supplemental Provisions**

**Article 20:** The Subsidiaries shall comply with the following provisions:

1. The Subsidiaries shall promulgate its own "Operating Procedures of the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" in accordance with the relevant provisions of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies," and shall submit the said operating procedures for approval by the Board of Directors first and then by the shareholders' meeting. The same procedure shall apply in the event of any amendment to the said operating procedures. If a Subsidiary has established an audit committee, the aforesaid promulgation shall be subject to the consent of one-half or more of all its audit committee members and be submitted to its board of directors for approval first and then by its shareholders' meeting. The same procedure shall apply in the event of any amendment to the said operating procedures.
2. When a Subsidiary acquires or disposes of assets, the Subsidiary shall act in accordance with these Operating Procedures. The Audit Division of the Company shall include the operating specifics of the acquisition or disposal of assets by the Subsidiaries as one of the internal audit items and shall conduct audits regularly or randomly; and shall review the self-check report prepared by the Subsidiaries.
3. If a Subsidiary is not a public company but its transaction amount of acquisition or disposal of assets meets the requirement of public announcement and reporting as set forth in the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies", the Company shall make the public announcement and reporting on behalf of the Subsidiary.
4. With regard to requirement of public announcement and reporting for subsidiaries, the provisions regarding "exceeding 20% of the Company's paid-in capital" or 10% of the total assets shall refer to the parent company's paid-in capital or total assets.

**Article 21:** Penalty provision is as follows:

If any of the Company's officers in charge of the acquisition or disposal of assets violates the Operating Procedures and such violation is verified, the person who violates the Operating Procedures will receive penalties commensurate with the severity of such violation according to the Company's working rules.

**Article 22:** Any matters not provided in these Operating Procedures shall be handled in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

## Appendix 7

### Delta Electronics, Inc. Director Election Regulations (Translation)

Passed by general shareholders' meeting on March 19, 1988

Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 16, 2002

Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 19, 2005

Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on June 13, 2008

Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on June 24, 2011

Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on June 19, 2012

#### **Article 1**

These Regulations have been stipulated in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TSEC/GTSM Listed Companies" in achieving fair, neutral, and open election of directors.

#### **Article 2**

Unless otherwise specified in applicable laws and regulations and the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the election of the Company's directors (including independent directors) shall be conducted in accordance with these Regulations.

#### **Article 3**

When selecting the Company's directors, it should take into consideration the overall composition of the Board of Directors. The members of the Board of Directors must commonly possess the knowledge, skills, and qualities needed to perform their duties, including business judgment, accounting and financial analysis ability, administrative management ability, crisis management ability, industry knowledge, international market perspective, leadership ability, and decision-making ability.

The number of directors having a spousal relationship or family relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other director shall be less than half of the total number of directors.

#### **Article 4**

The qualifications of the Company's independent directors must comply with the competent authority's determination standards; the election of the independent

directors shall be subject to the regulations prescribed by the competent authority. The directors (including independent directors) shall be elected pursuant to the candidates nomination system in Article 192-1 of the Company Law.

## **Article 5**

The Company's directors shall be elected by means of the single open cumulative ballot method. According to relevant laws, each share is entitled to votes equal to the number of directors to be elected, and the number of votes may be used together to elect one person or spread out over several persons. The Board of Directors shall prepare ballots equal to the number of directors to be elected. In addition to affixing the Company's seal on the ballots, each ballot shall bear an elector's attendance card number and number of votes for distribution to the attending shareholders.

## **Article 6**

Candidates for election of the Company's directors shall be elected, with independent directors, non-independent directors elected at the same time but in separately calculated numbers, in sequence starting from those who have received the highest number of votes until the required number of persons specified in the Company's Articles of Incorporation and proposed by the Board of Directors are elected. If two or more persons receive the same number of votes, and resulting in the total number of persons to be elected exceeds the number specified in the Company's Articles of Incorporation, those persons who have received the same number of votes shall draw straws to decide who is elected. If any person who has received the same number of votes with others is not present at the meeting, the chairman shall draw a straw on that absent person's behalf.

## **Article 7**

Before the start of an election the chairman shall designate several persons to count ballots and two persons (who should be shareholders) to check ballots to perform relevant duties. The Board of Directors shall prepare a ballot box. Persons designated to check ballots shall open and check the box in front of the meeting before voting begins.

## **Article 8**

If a candidate is a shareholder, electors must clearly fill in the candidate's shareholder number and name in the candidate column of each ballot. If a candidate is not a shareholder, electors must clearly fill in the candidate's name and ID document number. ID document refers to the original copy of the citizens' ID card for domestic natural persons and the original copy of a passport for foreign natural persons. The ID document number shall serve as the person's ID number for the purpose of the election. However, if a candidate is a governmental organization or legal entity, the name of the governmental organization or legal entity (or the name of the government organization and its representative or the name of the legal entity and its representative) must be clearly filled out in the candidate column of the ballot. If there are several representatives, each of the representatives' names must be filled in.

## **Article 9**

A ballot is invalid if any of the following circumstances occur:

1. The elector has failed to use a ballot prepared by the Board of Directors.
2. A blank ballot with no writings has been cast in the ballot box.
3. The writing is unclear and illegible or has been altered.
4. When the candidate is a shareholder, any item of the candidate's name, shareholder's account number, or number of votes allocated has been omitted or altered; or the candidate's name or shareholder's account number does not conform to that in the shareholders register.

If the candidate is not a shareholder, any item of the candidate's name, ID number, or number of votes allocated has been omitted or altered; or the candidate's name or ID number is found not to conform to that on the original documents.

5. The elector has intermixed other text or figures in addition to the candidate's name, shareholder's account number or ID number, and number of votes allocated.
6. The number of candidates on the ballot exceeds the specified number.

## **Article 10**

If the number of votes allocated is less than the total number of votes vested to shareholders, the votes which are not cast shall be deemed to have been forfeited by that shareholder.

**Article 11**

The ballot box shall be opened in front of the meeting after the completion of voting. The chairman shall announce the names of the elected directors in front of the meeting, or the chairman may appoint a master of ceremonies to do so.

**Article 12**

The Company's Board of Directors shall issue election notification to each elected director.

**Article 13**

These Regulations shall be effective from the date they are approved by the shareholders' meeting. The same shall apply in the case of amendments.

## **Appendix 8**

### **Delta Electronics, Inc. Shareholders' Meeting Rules and Procedures**

Passed by general shareholders' meeting on March 19, 1988  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 15, 1998  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 16, 2002  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 19, 2005  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on May 18, 2006  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on June 19, 2012  
Amendment passed by general shareholders' meeting on June 7, 2013

#### **Article 1**

These Rules and Procedures have been stipulated in accordance with the Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TSEC/GTSM Listed Companies in order to establish effective governance of the shareholders' meeting, implement sound supervisory functions, and strengthen managerial functions.

#### **Article 2**

Unless otherwise provided for in applicable laws and regulation or this Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's Shareholders' Meeting Rules and Procedures shall comply with the following articles.

#### **Article 3**

The Company's shareholders' meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors unless applicable laws and regulations provide otherwise.

The Company shall prepare the electronic files of the notification of the shareholders' meeting, the proxy instrument, agenda and materials relating to proposals for acknowledgment and discussion and election or discharge of directors, and upload the same to the Market Observation Post System Website 30 days in advance of an annual general shareholders' meeting or 15 days in advance of an extraordinary shareholders' meeting. The Company shall also prepare the electronic files of the shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental materials and upload the same to the Market Observation Post System Website 21 days in advance of an annual general shareholders' meeting or 15 days in advance of an extraordinary shareholders' meeting. The Company shall make the

shareholders' meeting agenda and supplemental materials available for shareholders to review at any time 15 days in advance of the shareholders' meeting and these documents shall be displayed at the Company and its stock affairs agency and shall be distributed at the shareholders' meeting.

Notification and announcements shall state the reasons for the meeting. The notification may be given by means of electronic transmission after obtaining prior consent from the recipient(s) thereof.

The election or discharge of directors, the amendment of this Company's Articles of Incorporation, the dissolution, merger, or spin-off of the Company, or the matters specified in Article 185, Paragraph 1 of the Company Law, or Article 26-1 or Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Law shall be listed among the reasons for the meeting, and may not be proposed as provisional motions.

#### **Article 4**

Before any shareholders' meeting, shareholders may submit proxy forms issued by the Company bearing the scope of authorization, name of proxy, and shareholders' meeting to be attended.

Each shareholder may submit one proxy form, and may appoint only one person to serve as a proxy.

Proxy forms must be delivered to the Company at least five days before each shareholder's meeting. If multiple proxy letters are delivered, the first shall take precedence; however, if the shareholder has made a statement to cancel a prior proxy appointment, the preceding sentence shall not apply.

After the proxy form is served to the Company, in case the shareholder issuing the said proxy intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or to exercise his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission, such shareholder shall file a written notice of proxy rescission with the Company 2 days in advance of the shareholders' meeting. In the event the shareholder fails to rescind the proxy prior to the aforesaid time limit, the voting right exercised by the authorized proxy at the meeting shall prevail.

#### **Article 4-1**

A shareholder could exercise his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission at the shareholders' meeting convened by the Company. A shareholder who exercised his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall be deemed to have attended the shareholders' meeting in person but shall be deemed to have waived his voting right in respect of any extemporary motions and amendments to the original proposals at the shareholders' meeting.

#### **Article 4-2**

If a shareholder exercises his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission, his declaration of intention shall be served to the Company 2 days in advance of the shareholders' meeting; if two or more declarations of the same intention are served to the Company, the declaration of such intention firstly received shall prevail; unless an explicit statement to revoke the previous declaration is made in the declaration which comes later. After a shareholder exercises his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission, in case the shareholder decides to attend the shareholders' meeting in person, such shareholder shall, 2 days in advance of the shareholders' meeting, revoke his declaration of intention by the same method which the shareholder had previously used to exercise his voting right. In the event the shareholder fails to revoke such declaration prior to the aforesaid time limit, the voting right exercised in writing or by way of electronic transmission shall prevail.

If a shareholder exercises his voting right in writing or by way of electronic transmission and appoint a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting on his behalf by issuing a proxy form, the voting right exercised by the proxy shall prevail.

#### **Article 5**

Shareholders' meetings shall be held at the Company's premises or at another place that is convenient for shareholders to attend and suitable for such a meeting. The meeting shall not start earlier than 9:00 AM or later than 3:00 PM.

#### **Article 6**

The Company shall, in the notification of the shareholders' meeting, specify attending shareholders' check-in time and place for such meeting and other important matters.

The check-in time for attending shareholders shall commence from at least thirty minutes before the meeting. There shall be clear signs and sufficient and adequate staffs in the



check-in place.

Attending shareholders or their appointed proxies (hereafter referred to as "shareholders") shall be admitted to the shareholders' meeting on the basis of attendance passes, attendance cards, or other attendance documents; those persons soliciting proxy forms shall be required to present identification documents for checking identities.

The Company shall provide a sign-in book allowing attending shareholders to sign in or require attending shareholders to submit attendance cards in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall provide meeting agenda, annual reports, attendance passes, speech notes, ballots, and other meeting materials to shareholders attending the shareholders' meeting; ballots shall be given to attending shareholders when the election of directors (including independent directors) is to be held.

When the government or a legal entity is a shareholder, more than one representative may attend the shareholders' meeting. However, a legal entity serving as proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting may appoint only one representative to attend the meeting.

## **Article 7**

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman presiding at the meeting. If the Chairman of the Board of Directors is on leave or cannot perform his duties for some reason, the Vice-Chairman shall preside at the meeting on the Chairman's behalf; if the Company does not have a vice-Chairman or the Vice-Chairman is on leave or cannot perform his duties for some reason, the Chairman of the Board of Directors shall appoint a managing director to serve on his behalf. If there are no managing directors, the Chairman shall appoint a director to serve on his behalf. If the Chairman has not appointed a representative, the managing directors or directors shall nominate among themselves to preside over the meeting.

In the event that a managing director or a director presides at a shareholders' meeting on the Chairman's behalf pursuant to the above paragraph, such managing director or director shall have held office for at least six months and shall be familiar with the financial and business condition of the Company. The same requirements shall apply when a representative of a juristic-person director presides at a shareholders' meeting.

More than one-half of the directors should attend the shareholders' meeting if that meeting has been convened by the Board of Directors.

If the shareholders' meeting is convened by any person entitled to convene the meeting other than the Board of Directors, such person shall be the meeting's chairman. If there is more than one such person entitled to convene the meeting, those persons shall nominate amongst themselves to be the meeting's chairman.

This Company may appoint designated legal counsel, CPA, or relevant persons to attend the shareholders' meeting.

### **Article 8**

From the moment that the Company accepts check-in for the meeting, the attending shareholders' check-in process, the proceeding of the meeting, and the voting and counting process shall be continuously audio recorded and videotaped in its entirety without any interruption.

These audio and video files shall be preserved for at least one year. However, the said files shall be preserved until the conclusion of the lawsuit if a shareholder initiates a lawsuit in accordance with Article 189 of the Company Law.

### **Article 9**

Attendance at shareholders' meeting shall be determined based on the number of shares. The number of attending shares shall be calculated based on the sign-in book or attendance cards submitted by shareholders.

The chairman shall call the meeting to order at the time scheduled for the meeting. If the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-half of all issued and outstanding shares at the time scheduled for the meeting, the chairman may postpone the time for the meeting. The postponements shall be limited to two times at the most and the meeting shall not be postponed for longer than one hour in the aggregate. If after two postponements the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-third of all issued and outstanding shares, the chairman shall announce the termination of the meeting.

If after two postponements the number of attending shares represented by the attending

shareholders has not yet constituted more than one-half of all issued and outstanding shares but the attending shareholders at the meeting represent more than one-third of all issued and outstanding shares, provisional resolutions may be made in accordance with Article 175, Paragraph 1 of the Company Law, and shareholders shall be notified to attend another shareholders' meeting to approve the said provisional resolutions within one month.

If the attending shareholders have constituted more than one-half of all issued and outstanding shares by the end of the meeting, the chairman may submit the foregoing provisional resolutions to the meeting for approval in accordance with Article 174 of the Company Law.

#### **Article 10**

The agenda of the meeting shall be set by the Board of Directors if the meeting is convened by the Board of Directors. Unless otherwise resolved at the meeting, the meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda.

The above provision applies *mutatis mutandis* to cases where the meeting is convened by any person, other than the Board of Directors, entitled to convene such meeting.

Unless otherwise resolved at the meeting, the chairman cannot announce adjournment of the meeting before all the items (including provisional motions) listed in the agenda are completed. If the chairman announces the adjournment of the meeting in violation of these Rules and Procedures, other members of the Board of Directors shall promptly assist the attending shareholders to elect, by a majority of votes represented by attending shareholders in the meeting, another person to serve as chairman and continue the meeting in accordance with due procedures.

The chairman must provide sufficient time for the explanation and discussion of all items on the agenda and amendments and provisional motions submitted by shareholders; the chairman may announce an end of discussion and submit an item for a vote if the chairman deems that the agenda item is ready for voting.

#### **Article 11**

When a shareholder attending the meeting wishes to speak, a speech note should be filled out with summary of the speech, the shareholder's account number (or the number of

attendance card) and the account name of the shareholder. The chairman shall determine the sequence of shareholders' speeches.

If any attending shareholder at the meeting submits a speech note but does not speak, no speech should be deemed to have been made by the shareholder.

In case the contents of the speech of a shareholder are inconsistent with the contents of the speech note, the contents of actual speech shall prevail.

The same shareholder may not speak more than twice concerning the same item without the chairman's consent, and each speech time may not exceed five minutes. The chairman may stop the speech of any shareholder who violates the above provision or exceeds the scope of the agenda item.

Unless otherwise permitted by the chairman and the speaking shareholder, no shareholder shall interrupt the speech of the speaking shareholder, otherwise the chairman shall stop such interruption.

When a legal-entity shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to attend the meeting, only one representative can speak for each agenda item.

The chairman may respond himself/herself or designate another person to respond after the speech of attending shareholder.

## **Article 12**

Voting at a shareholders' meeting shall be based on number of shares. The shares of shareholders with no voting rights shall not be included in the total number of issued and outstanding shares when voting on resolutions.

If there is concern that a shareholder's interest may conflict with and adversely affect the Company's interests with regard to any matters discussed at the meeting, that shareholder may not participate in voting, and may not represent another shareholder to exercise his or her voting rights.

The number of shares of those persons not permitted to exercise their voting rights in the foregoing paragraph shall not be included in counting the total number of voting shares

for attending shareholders.

Except in the case of a trust enterprise or securities proxy organization approved by the securities competent authority, the proxy voting rights of a person serving as a proxy for two or more shareholders may not exceed 3% of total issued and outstanding shares voting rights; if it does exceed 3%, the excess portion shall not be counted.

### **Article 13**

Each shareholder is entitled to one vote for each share held. The above provision shall not apply to those persons whose voting rights are restricted or who have no voting right.

According to Article 197-1 of the Company Law, if the number of shares pledged by a director at any time exceeds half of the total shares held by such director at the time of his appointment, such pledged shares exceeding half of the total shares held by such director at the time of his appointment, up to half of the total number of shares held by the director at the time of his appointment, shall not carry any voting right and such above threshold shares shall not be counted in determining the number of votes of the shareholders present at a general meeting.

Except otherwise specified in the Company Law or the Company's Articles of Incorporation, a resolution shall be adopted by a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders.

An agenda item shall be deemed approved and shall have the same effect as if it was voted by casting ballots if no objection is voiced by all attending shareholders after solicitation by the chairman. If there is any objection, the agenda item shall be put to a vote by casting ballots in accordance with the foregoing paragraph.

If there is amendment to or substitute for an agenda item, the chairman shall decide the sequence of voting for such original agenda item, the amendment, and the substitute. If any one of them has been approved, the others shall be deemed vetoed and no further voting will be necessary.

The chairman shall appoint persons responsible for checking and counting ballots during votes on agenda items. However, the persons responsible for checking ballots must be shareholders.

The ballots for voting or election matters shall be publicly counted at the meeting venue and once the counting is done, the result of voting including the number of votes casted shall be announced at the meeting and placed on record.

#### **Article 14**

If the election of directors is conducted at a shareholders' meeting, such an election shall be performed in accordance with the Company's Director Election Regulations, and the results including the list of elected directors and the number of votes casted must be announced at the meeting.

The ballots cast in the election in the foregoing paragraph must be given proper safekeeping and kept for at least one year. If a shareholder initiates a lawsuit in accordance with Article 189 of the Company Law, ballots shall be kept until the end of the lawsuit.

#### **Article 15**

Resolutions made at a shareholders' meeting shall be compiled in the form of minutes. The chairman shall affix his signature or seal to the minutes, which shall be issued to shareholders within 20 days after the end of the meeting.

With regard to the issue of minutes in the foregoing paragraph, the minutes may be distributed in the form of an announcement on the Market Observation Post System Website.

The minutes must faithfully record the meeting's date (year, month, day), place, chairman's name, resolution method, summary of proceedings, and results of resolutions. The minutes of shareholders' meeting shall be preserved for as long as the Company exists.

"There is no objection from any shareholders after solicitation by the chairman and the resolution is passed" shall be recorded in the minutes if no objection is voiced after solicitation by the chairman before an agenda item is put to a vote. If there are any objections, however, and the agenda item is put to a vote, the number of approval votes cast and the percentage of the approval votes as to total votes shall be recorded in the minutes.

#### **Article 16**

The Company shall, on the day of the meeting, compile the number of shares obtained by solicitors and the number of shares represented by proxies in statistical tables in the specified format, and shall post such tables in prominent locations within the meeting place.

If any resolutions made by a shareholders' meeting are material information pursuant to applicable laws and regulations or the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation's regulations, the Company shall transmit the content of such resolutions to the Market Observation Post System Website within the specified period of time.

#### **Article 17**

Persons handling affairs of the meeting shall wear identification cards or arm badges. The chairman may order disciplinary officers or security guards to assist in keeping order in the meeting place. Such disciplinary officers or security guards shall wear arm badges or identification cards marked "Disciplinary Personnel" when assisting in maintaining order in the meeting place.

If the meeting place is equipped with loudspeaker equipment, the chairman shall stop any shareholders using equipment not installed by the Company from speaking.

The chairman shall order disciplinary officers or security guard to escort any shareholders who violate these Rules and Procedures and fail to heed the chairman's correction, or disrupt the proceeding of the meeting and fail to desist, to leave the meeting place.

#### **Article 18**

During the meeting, the chairman may, at his discretion, set time for intermission. In case of incident of force majeure, the chairman may decide to temporarily suspend the meeting and announce, depending on the situation, when the meeting will resume.

Before the agenda set for the shareholders' meeting are completed, if the meeting place cannot continue to be used for the meeting, then, by resolution of the shareholders, another place may be sought to resume the meeting.

The shareholders may resolve to postpone or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the Company Law.

**Article 19**

These Rules and Procedure shall be effective from the date they are approved by the shareholders' meeting. The same applies in the case of amendments.



## Appendix 9

### **Effect of Stock Distribution to be Resolved at This Shareholders' Meeting on Operating Performance and Earnings per Share**

No Stock distribution is proposed at this shareholders' meeting, and the Company is not required to disclose 2016 financial forecasts according to relevant laws and regulations. Hence, the Company is not required to disclose yearly forecast information.

## Appendix 10

### Shareholding of All Directors of the Company

1. In accordance with Article 26 of Securities and Exchange Act and Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios at Public Companies, the minimum number of shares held by all directors other than independent directors of the Company shall be 62,341,039.
2. As of the book closure date, the shareholding of directors recorded in the shareholder register is as follows:

Title	Name	Current shareholdings	
		Shares	Percentage
Chairman	Yancey Hai	1,318,067	0.05%
Vice Chairman	Mark Ko	1,011,630	0.03%
Director	Bruce CH Cheng	147,828,039	5.69%
Director	Ping Cheng	10,090,093	0.38%
Director	Simon Chang	983,811	0.03%
Director	Fred Chai-Yan Lee	0	0.00%
Director	Albert Chang	1,104,971	0.04%
Director	Chung-Hsing Huang	0	0.00%
Director	Johnson Lee	71,000	0.00%
Independent director	Tsong-Pyng Perng	0	0.00%
Independent director	Yung-Chin Chen	0	0.00%
Independent director	George Chao	0	0.00%
Shareholdings of all directors		162,457,557	6.25%

Note 1: As of the book closure date, the number of issued shares of the Company is 2,597,543,329.

Note 2: The Company has established an Audit Committee, so the provisions on the minimum percentage requirements for the shareholding of supervisors shall not apply.

## Appendix 11

### **Relevant Information on Proposals and Nomination Made by Shareholders Who Hold 1% or More of the Total Issued Shares of the Company**

1. In accordance with Articles 172-1 and Article 192-1 of the Company Act, the proposal and nomination accepting period of 2016 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting is from April 1, 2016 to April 11, 2016
2. In the abovementioned period, no proposal and nomination for shareholders holding 1% or more of the total number of outstanding shares of the Company is proposed, in addition to the candidate for an independent director of the Company nominated by the Board of Directors.